



بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

By Allah's name *Ar-Rahman Ar-Raheem (The Multitudinous Mercy Giver)*

1. <i>Alif Lam Meem Ssadd</i> . ¹	الْمَصِّ ۝
2. A Book ^x (<i>had been</i>) descended to you ^g so let-not be in your ^t chest a constraint ² from it; ^x to warn [you ^{sl}] by it ^x ; and a reminiscence/remembrance ^{w3} for the believers.	كَتَبْنَا أَنْزِلَ إِلَيْكَ فَلَا يَكُنْ فِي صَدْرِكَ حَرَجٌ مِنْهُ لِتُنَذِرَ بِهِ وَذَكْرًا لِلْمُؤْمِنِينَ ۝
3. <i>Ettabe'o</i> (<i>let-closely follow you^g</i>) what (<i>had been</i>) descended to you ^b from your ⁿ Lord and let-not <i>tattabe'o</i> (<i>closely follow you^z</i>) of lesser than Him <i>aw'leyaa</i> ⁴ (<i>guardian-ally</i>), little you ^z reminisce.	اتَّبِعُوا مَا أَنْزَلَ إِلَيْكُم مِّن رَّبِّكُمْ وَلَا تَتَّبِعُوا مِن دُونِهِ أَوْلِيَاءَ قَلِيلًا مَّا تَذَكَّرُونَ ۝
4. And how-many ⁵ of a village ^w We perished it; ^w so came (to) it ^w Our <i>Ba'so</i> (<i>intense: Torment/Might</i>) <i>bayatan</i> (<i>nocturnally</i>) or they were noon-napping/noon-nappers ⁶ .	وَكَمْ مِّن قَرْيَةٍ أَهْلَكْنَاهَا فَجَاءَهَا بَأْسُنَا بَيِّنًا أَوْ هُمْ قَائِلُونَ ۝
5. Then not was their invocation ⁷ <i>edh</i> (<i>when</i>) came (to) them Our <i>Ba'so</i> (<i>intense: Torment/Might</i>) except that they ^z said: verily we were <i>dha'lemeena</i> ⁸ (<i>injustice-doers</i>).	فَمَا كَانَ دَعْوَاهُمْ إِذْ جَاءَهُمْ بَأْسُنَا إِلَّا أَنْ قَالُوا إِنَّا كُنَّا ظَالِمِينَ ۝
6. Then ⁹ verily assuredly ¹⁰ question [We] whom ^r (<i>had been</i>) sent to them ¹¹ and verily assuredly question [We] the <i>mursaleena</i> (<i>sent-messengers</i>).	فَلَنَسْأَلَنَّ الَّذِينَ أُرْسِلَ إِلَيْهِمْ وَلَنَسْأَلَنَّ الْمُرْسَلِينَ ۝
7. So surely [We] assuredly ¹² narrate on them by knowledge and not We were absentees.	فَلَنَقُصَّنَّ عَلَيْهِم بِعِلْمٍ وَمَا كُنَّا غَائِبِينَ ۝
8. And the weight then-day (<i>is</i>) the right; so whoever heavyed ^w his weights ^w then those, they (<i>are</i>) the thrivers.	وَالْوِزْنَ يَوْمَئِذٍ الْحَقُّ فَمَنْ ثَقُلَتْ مَوَازِينُهُ فَأُولَئِكَ هُمُ الْمُفْلِحُونَ ۝

¹ See the details in the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation.

² The word "حرج" = "أضيق الضيق", see "اللسان", e.g.: if you were to get two identical sheets of papers and put them congruently against one another the space between them is called "حرج", that is there is practically nothing narrower than that space between the two sheets of paper! Also, "حرج" could mean "sin".

³ The word "ذكرى" is "reminiscence" based on this great *Ayah*, "And if the Satan (*causes*) you^g to assuredly forget then let-not [you^{sl}] sit, after [the] reminiscence" (S6: 68).

⁴ The word "أولياء" could also mean, among them: *protector, friend*.

⁵ The word "كم" is an *interrogative exclamatory particle*, meaning: "how-many," "how-much," "how-long!"

⁶ The word "قائلون" denotes: *noon-napping* or it is a plural for "قائل", who takes a *noon-nap*! But what must be pointed out is that "nap" in English means *any sleep for a brief period during the day*! That is why the prefix of "noon" here to specify the time of such a nap!

⁷ The word "دعوى" has two distinctly different meanings! (a) *Invocation*, or (b) *Argument*, in a situation!

⁸ The "ظالمين" = "the injustice-doer," as "الظلم" = "injustice!"

⁹ Many of the *Qur'anic commentators* consider this "ف" as an article of "عطف" = *copulative (connective)*, or *inceptive*, i.e. indicating a beginning or a resumption of speech!

¹⁰ The "ل" in "النسألن" is a *juratory* "ل" = "القسم" amounting to = "التأكيد", i.e. *affirmation*, expressed here by "assuredly!"

¹¹ That is *message* or *messenger*! The "ل" in "النسألن" is a *juratory* "ل" = "القسم" amounting to = "التأكيد", i.e. *affirmation*, expressed here by "assuredly"! See *إعراب القرآن، لمحمود صافي* and *القرطبي*!

¹² The "ل" in "لنقصن" is a *juratory* "ل" = "القسم" amounting to = "التأكيد", i.e. *affirmation*, expressed here by "assuredly!"

9. And whoever lightened ^w his weights ^w then those who ^r they ^z lost their selves ^w for what they ^z were by Our <i>Aya'te</i> ^w (messages ^w) wronging ¹³ they ^z .	وَمَنْ خَفَّتْ مَوَازِينُهُ فَأُولَٰئِكَ الَّذِينَ خَسِرُوا أَنْفُسَهُمْ بِمَا كَانُوا بِآيَاتِنَا يَظْلِمُونَ ﴿١٣﴾
10. And <i>laqad</i> (verily, already and affirmatively) We empowered/established ¹⁴ you ^b in the Earth ^w and We made for you ^b in it ^w livelihoods, little indeed ¹⁵ you ^z thank.	وَلَقَدْ مَكَّنَّاكُمْ فِي الْأَرْضِ وَجَعَلْنَا لَكُمْ فِيهَا مَعِيشًا قَلِيلًا مَا تَشْكُرُونَ ﴿١٤﴾
11. And <i>laqad</i> (verily, already and affirmatively) We created you ^b ; afterwards We portrayed/fashioned you ^b ; afterwards We said for the angels: let-kowtow you ^z for Adam; so they ^z kowtowed except Iblis (<i>Satan</i>) [he] [was] not of the <i>sa'jedeena</i> (they who kowtowed/-they who were kowtowing).	وَلَقَدْ خَلَقْنَاكُمْ ثُمَّ صَوَّرْنَاكُمْ ثُمَّ قُلْنَا لِلْمَلَائِكَةِ اسْجُدُوا لِآدَمَ فَسَجَدُوا إِلَّا إِبْلِيسَ لَمْ يَكُن مِّنَ السَّاجِدِينَ ﴿١٥﴾
12. Said [He]: what prevented you ^g not to kowtow [you ^s] <i>edh</i> (since/when) I commanded you ^g ; said [he]: I am <i>khayron</i> (choicer/superior/worthier) than him; You ^g created me of a fire ^w and You ^g created him of a mud.	قَالَ مَا مَنَعَكَ أَلَّا تَسْجُدَ إِذْ أَمَرْتُكَ قَالَ أَنَا خَيْرٌ مِّنْهُ خَلَقْتَنِي مِن نَّارٍ وَخَلَقْتَهُ مِن طِينٍ ﴿١٦﴾
13. Said [He]: so <i>ebbett</i> ¹⁶ (let-[you ^s] dwell/ dwell-basely/ migrate-/immigrate) from it ^w , so not [it ^x] be for you ^g to <i>tataka-bbara</i> ¹⁷ ([you ^s] practice pridefullness) in it ^w ; so let-egress [you ^s], verily you ^g (are) of the cringers.	قَالَ فَاهْبِطْ مِنْهَا فَمَا يَكُونُ لَكَ أَنْ تَتَكَبَّرَ فِيهَا فَاخْرُجْ إِنَّكَ مِنَ الصَّاغِرِينَ ﴿١٧﴾
14. Said [he]: let-[You ^s] reprieve me until day (to be) resurrected they ^z	قَالَ أَنْظِرْنِي إِلَى يَوْمِ يُبْعَثُونَ ﴿١٨﴾
15. Said [He]: verily you ^g (are) of the <i>mundhareena</i> ¹⁸ (they who are reprieved).	قَالَ إِنَّكَ مِنَ الْمُنظَرِينَ ﴿١٩﴾
16. Said [he]: so by indeed, ¹⁹ <i>aghawamey</i> ²⁰ ([You ^s] had me indulgently stray and so be disappointed) surely I (shall) assuredly ²¹ sit for them (at) Your ^t <i>Sseratta</i> (road/way) the straight.	قَالَ فِيمَا أُغْوَيْتَنِي لَأَقْعُدَنَّ لَهُمْ صِرَاطَكَ الْمُسْتَقِيمَ ﴿٢٠﴾
17. Afterwards surely assuredly <i>aa'tee</i> ([I] approach/come to) them from between their hands ^w and from their rears and <i>a'n</i> (side-of) their rights and <i>a'n</i> their lefts and not [You ^w] find most (of) them thankers.	ثُمَّ لَا يَنبَغُهُمْ مِّنْ بَيْنِ أَيْدِيهِمْ وَمِنْ خَلْفِهِمْ وَعَنْ أَيْمَنِهِمْ وَعَنْ شَمَائِلِهِمْ وَلَا تَجِدُ أَكْثَرَهُمْ شَاكِرِينَ ﴿٢١﴾
18. Said [He]: let-egress [you ^s] from it ^w <i>mathmooman</i> ²² (he who is despised) <i>madbooran</i> ²³ (he who is driven-away from Allah's mercy/he who is reprobated); surely whoever [he] followed you ^g of them verily I (shall) assuredly fill Hell ^w of you ^z wholes.	قَالَ أَخْرَجْ مِنْهَا مَذْمُومًا مَّدْحُورًا لِّمَنِ تَبِعَكَ مِنْهُمْ لَأَمْلَأَنَّ جَهَنَّمَ مِنْكُمْ أَجْمَعِينَ ﴿٢٢﴾

¹³ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for “ظالم”=“فاعل الظلم”= “injustice-doer” and “أظلم”= “wronger”

¹⁴ The word “مَكَّنَ” in “مَكَّنَّاكُمْ” means “found” or “established”. It also means “enabled” or “empowered”. Clearly, the English word “established” could also imply or connote the same as “مَكَّنَ” *per se*!

¹⁵ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation regarding, “ما المصدرية” = the infinitive *ma*!

¹⁶ The word “اهبطوا” rooted in “هبط”, meaning: alight/descended/condescended! Also, “هبط”= dwelled/dwelt in evil! See *اللسان*! Really it means “تزعج” or emigrated/immigrated! Example: in *Ayah* (S2:61) “اهبطوا مصرًا”= *ebbetto Misra*!

¹⁷ The word “*tatakabbar*”=“تتكبر” does not have an exact English equivalent *per se*! It is a present/future tense addressing an addressee: practice pridefullness. Hence, we transliterate and parenthetically explain!

¹⁸ The word “*mundhareen*”=“المنظرين”, is an objective masculine plural noun, meaning those who are reprieved!

¹⁹ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation regarding “ما المصدرية” = the infinitive *ma*!

²⁰ The word “اغوى” in “اغويتني”=“أنهكم في الضلال و خاب”, so be: indulgently strayed and was disappointed! See *اللسان*!

²¹ The “ل” in “لأقعدن”, and “لأملأن”, “لأتين”, in the following two *Ayat*: 17 & 18 all are juratory “ل”=“القسم” amounting to=“التأكيد” i.e. affirmation, expressed in all case by “assuredly”

²² The word “*mathmooman*”=“مذموما” is a masculine, singular, objective noun, no English equivalent for it!

²³ The word “*madbooran*”=“مدحورا” is a masculine, singular, objective noun, no English equivalent for it!

19. And O, Adam: let-reside [you^s], you^s and your^t spouse (wife), the Paradise^w so both eat from whence both willed and not both near this-she, the tree^w; then both be of the *dba'lemeena*²⁴ (injustice-doers)

وَيَتَقَادِمُ أَسْكَنْ، أَنْتَ وَزَوْجُكَ
الْجَنَّةَ فَكُلَا مِنْ حَيْثُ شِئْتُمَا وَلَا
تَقْرِبَا هَذِهِ الشَّجَرَةَ فَتَكُونَا مِنَ
الظَّالِمِينَ ﴿١٩﴾

20. Then whispered for them both the Satan, to [he] discloses/ flashes for them both what (had been) hidden a'n (regarding) them both of *saw'aa'tebema*^w (their private-parts)^w; and said [he]: not forbad you both Lord (of) [you both] a'n this-she²⁵, the tree^w, except that be both two angels or be both of the immortals.

فَوَسْوَسَ لَهُمَا الشَّيْطَانُ لِيُبْدِيَ
لَهُمَا مَا وَدَرَى عَنْهُمَا مِنْ سَوْءِ تَهُمَا
وَقَالَ مَا نَهَاكُمَا رَبُّكُمَا عَنْ هَذِهِ
الشَّجَرَةِ إِلَّا أَنْ تَكُونَا مَلَائِكَةً أَوْ
تَكُونَا مِنَ الْخَالِدِينَ ﴿٢٠﴾

21. And mutually *qasama* ([he] oathed) them both: verily I am for you both surely of the (sincere)-advisors²⁶.

وَقَاسَمَهُمَا إِنِّي لَكُمَا لَمِنَ
النَّاصِحِينَ ﴿٢١﴾

22. So [he] indicated (to) them both by inveiglement; so *lamma* (when/whence) both tasted the tree^w appeared^w for them both *saw'aa'te'hema*^w (their private-parts)^w and both commenced [both] vamping-up on them both by the Paradise's^w leaves; and called them both Lord (of) them both: have not [I] forbad you both a'n (off/-regarding) *telkoma*²⁷ (both of you that-afar-she/that)^w the tree^w; and said [I] [not]²⁸ for you both: verily the Satan (is) for you both a foe²⁹ manifest.

فَدَلَّاهُمَا بِغُرُورٍ فَلَمَّا ذَاقَا
الشَّجَرَةَ بَدَتْ لَهُمَا سَوْءُهُمَا
وَطَفِقَا مَخْصِفَانِ عَلَيْهِمَا مِنْ وَرَقِ
الْجَنَّةِ وَنَادَاهُمَا رَبُّهُمَا أَلَمْ أَنْهَكُمَا
عَنْ تِلْكَ الشَّجَرَةِ وَأَقُلْ لَكُمَا
إِنَّ الشَّيْطَانَ لَكُمْ عَدُوٌّ مُبِينٌ ﴿٢٢﴾

23. Said both: (O), our Lord, we wronged³⁰ (to) ourselves^w and *en* (if) not forgave for us [You^s] and [not] *tarhamna* ([You^s] mercy-gave us) surely assuredly³¹ we be of the losers.

قَالَا رَبَّنَا ظَلَمْنَا أَنْفُسَنَا وَإِنْ لَمْ
تَغْفِرْ لَنَا وَتَرْحَمْنَا لَنَكُونَنَّ مِنَ
الْخَاسِرِينَ ﴿٢٣﴾

24. Said [He]: *ebbetto* (let you^s: dwell/ dwell in evil/ dwell-basely/ emigrate/ immigrate/), some (of) you^b for some a foe³² and for you^b in the Earth^w a *mustagarron* (permanent-abode/ ultimate realization) and a *mata'on*³³ (resource for a transitory worldly delights) to a while.

قَالَ أَهْبِطُوا بَعْضُكُمْ لِبَعْضٍ
عَدُوٌّ وَلَكُمْ فِي الْأَرْضِ مُسْتَقَرٌّ
وَمَتَّعٌ إِلَى حِينٍ ﴿٢٤﴾

²⁴ The "ظالمين" = "the injustice-doer," as "الظلم" = "injustice!" See footnote 148 below!

²⁵ In Arabic "tree" is a feminine. That is why the reference to it is by the feminized pronoun: "[this-she]"!

²⁶ The word "ناصحين" = "naseheen" is plural, masculine, subjective noun! But first the word "نصح" in "ناصحين" in Arabic defines and implies more than its English supposed equivalent "advised." The Arabic "نصح" = "أخلص" i.e. he sincerely-advised or sincerely-opined the advisee as to what is best for him! However, in English the word "advised" mean given opinion (presumably, not necessarily) as to the best course of action the advisee should take or do! Hence, the qualifying word "sincerely" is necessary to manifest the distinction! Also "ناصحين" may mean: sincere care-renderers, well-wishers!!

²⁷ The text says: "telkoma" = "تلكما" = the "ت" (1) for the feminine addressee, in this case about the tree (which is feminine in Arabic Grammar, (2) then the "ل" for the "afar," and (3) "كما" is the dual addressee's pronoun! For lack of a better word to express this precise demonstrative pronoun and very elegant sounding "تلكما" in English, so I transliterate and parametrically approximate! So I say: "that-afar-she," but the speech is addressed to the twain (he and she), hence in Arabic Grammar, "تلكما" is the proper article of reference, "أنهكما عن تلكما," which is rhyming to the ears and rather lofty and elegant in expression; or (2) according to some Qur'anic commentators, to emphasize to the addressees the forbidding to do.

²⁸ The Arabic text says: "أقل" and not "أقول," grammatically surely indicative of the application of the article "أل" to "أقول" making it "أقل" Hence, the use of "not," although it is not explicitly in the text, as grammatically it should not appear, clearly it is there!

²⁹ The word "عدو" in Arabic is used for: (1) singular and (2) plural as well as (3) "multitudinous foe," see الهادي and اللسان!

³⁰ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "ظالم" = "فاعل الظلم" = "injustice-doer" and "أظلم" = "wronger!"

³¹ The "ل" in "لَنَكُونَنَّ" is a jatory "ل" = "القسم" amounting to = "التأكيد," i.e. affirmation, expressed here by "assuredly!"

³² See footnote 1709 above regarding foe.

³³ The word "متاع" = "mata'a" is rooted in the word "متع" = "matta'a" with many meanings, among them: resources of transitory worldly delight! See Lexicon attached to this Translation for more elaboration!

25. Said [He]: in it^w you^z live and in it^w you^z die and from it^w *tokhbrajona* (you^z be emerged/ produced).

قَالَ فِيهَا تَحْيَوْنَ وَفِيهَا تَمُوتُونَ
وَمِنْهَا تُخْرَجُونَ ﴿٦٥﴾

26. O, Adam's sons: *qad* (already and affirmatively) We descended on you^b *lebasan*³⁴ (wear/ inner clothing) veiling [it^x] yourⁿ *saw'ata*³⁵ (private parts)^w and *reshan*³⁶ (adornment-attire); and the *taqwa*'s (reverential guarding against Allah's displeasure)'s *lebaso*³⁷ (=armory-attire to prevent potential war), *tha'leka* (that-afar-it/that) (is) *khayron* (choicer/ superior/ worthier); *tha'leka* (is) of Allah's *Aya'te*^w (miracles/signs/proofs) *la'alla* (craving currently unavailable deed that/perhaps) they *yadhdha-kekarona* (repetitively-reminisce).

يَبْنِيْ اٰدَمَ قَدْ اَنْزَلْنَا عَلَيْكَ
لِبَاسًا يُؤَرِّىْ سَوْءَ تِكُمْ وَرِيْشًا
وَلِبَاسَ التَّقْوٰى ذٰلِكَ خَيْرٌ
ذٰلِكَ مِنْ ءَايٰتِ اللّٰهِ لَعَلَّهُمْ
يَذْكُرُوْنَ ﴿٦٦﴾

27. O, Adam's sons: let-not assuredly essay you^{b38} the Satan, just as [he] exited yourⁿ [both fathers]³⁹ from the Paradise,^w [he] wrests a'n (off) them both their both *lebaso*⁴⁰ (wear/ inner-clothing) to [he] shows them both *saw'aa'tehma*^w (their private-parts)^w; verily he sees you^b, he and his *qa'beelo* (group/ similar) from whence you^z see them not; verily We made the Satans *aw'le-yaa*⁴¹ (guardians/ allies) for whom^r not believe they^z.

يَبْنِيْ اٰدَمَ لَا يَفْتِنٰكُمْ الشَّيْطٰنُ
كَمَا اَخْرَجَ اٰبَوَيْكُمْ مِنَ الْجَنَّةِ يَنْزِعُ
عَنْهُمَا لِبَاسَهُمَا لِيُرِيَهُمَا سَوْءَ عَمَلًا
اِنَّهُ يَرٰكُمْ هُوَ وَقَبِيْلُهُ مِنْ حَيْثُ لَا
تَرَوْنَهُمْ اِنَّا جَعَلْنَا الشَّيْطٰنِ اَوْلِيَاً
لِّلَّذِيْنَ لَا يُؤْمِنُوْنَ ﴿٦٧﴾

28. And if they^z did a profanity^{w42} said they:^z we found on it^w our fathers, and Allah commanded us by it^w; let-say [you^s]: verily Allah commands not by the profaneness^{w43}; do you^z say on Allah what not you^z know.

وَإِذَا فَعَلُوا فَحِشَةً قَالُوا وَجَدْنَا
عَلَيْهَا ءَايٰتَنَا وَاللّٰهُ اَمْرًا بِهَا قُلْ
اِنَّ اللّٰهَ لَا يَأْمُرُ بِالْفَحْشَآءِ
اَتَقُولُوْنَ عَلَى اللّٰهِ مَا لَا
تَعْلَمُوْنَ ﴿٦٨﴾

29. Let-say [you^s]: commanded my Lord by the *qesstte*⁴⁴ (rendering absolute-justice post removal of injustice), and *aqemo*⁴⁵ (let-you^z up/ sustain) yourⁿ faces at every mosque and let-invoke Him you^z faithfully; for Him (is) the religion, as what [He] began you^b, you^z (shall) return.

قُلْ اَمَرَ رَبِّيْ بِالْقِسْطِ وَاَقِيْمُوا
وُجُوْهَكُمْ عِنْدَ كُلِّ مَسْجِدٍ
وَادْعُوْهُ مُخْلِصِيْنَ لَهُ الدِّيْنَ
كَمَا بَدَأَكُمْ تَعُوْدُوْنَ ﴿٦٩﴾

³⁴ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for the *myriads* of meanings for the word "lebasan!"

³⁵ The word "sawab" has more than one meaning, but here it means "private parts!"

³⁶ There is the inner clothing= "اللباس," and on top of it the garment= "الثياب," and on top of the garment is the adornment clothing= "الرّيش." So, adornment attire= "الرّيش" like cloak or a head turbine, etc!

³⁷ The words "lebaso-ettaqwa" = armory-attire to prevent potential war!

³⁸ The word "يَفْتِنُكُمْ" means: assuredly tempt you, or assuredly seduce you, etc.

³⁹ The Arabic word "اَبَوَيْكُمْ" or its grammatical inflections, all constitute an Arabic tongue expression meaning: father and mother as well as father and grandfather, father and uncle (paternal or maternal)! See اللسان! However it must be born in mind that the word "mother" is not necessarily the begetter-mother= "الوالدة," as the "mother" in Arabic tongue could mean: step-mother, nursing mother, mother who reared some one, or the aunt (paternal or maternal)! The context defines exactly what is meant!

⁴⁰ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for the various meanings of this very important word, which literally means "wear/ inner clothing" but figuratively much more, including the "garments"!

⁴¹ The word "اَوْلِيَاً" could also mean, among them: protector, friend!

⁴² The word "فَاحِشَةً" = "profanity" means vulgar or irreverent say or action, i.e. excess of ugliness in statement or action by an entity, a person or a group, or any of Allah's proscriptions!

⁴³ Arabic word used is "الفحشاء," = the noun of "فاحشة," see التاج!

⁴⁴ See the *Lexicon* to this Translation for a fuller discussion of this great word "qestt."

⁴⁵ That is you^z up/sustain/maintain all the rituals necessary!

30. A team right-guided [He] and a team righted on them the misguidance^w; verily they *ittakbatho*⁴⁶ (they^z took and made) the Satans *aw'leyaa*⁴⁷ (guardians/ allies) of without-/lesser-than Allah, and they^z reckon that they (are) *muhtadoona*⁴⁸ (they who found and accepted the right-guidance).

فَرِيقًا هَدَىٰ وَفَرِيقًا حَقَّ عَلَيْهِمُ الضَّلَالَةُ إِنَّهُمْ اتَّخَذُوا الشَّيَاطِينَ أَوْلِيَاءَ مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ وَيَحْسَبُونَ أَنَّهُمْ مُهْتَدُونَ ﴿٣٠﴾

31. O, Adam's sons: let-take you^z yourⁿ adornment^w/trim^w at every mosque.⁴⁹ And let-eat you^z and let-drink you^z and let-not squander you^z; verily He likes not the prodigals/squanderers.

يَنْبِئُ آدَمَ خُذُوا زِينَتَكُمْ عِنْدَ كُلِّ مَسْجِدٍ وَكُلُوا وَاشْرَبُوا وَلَا تُسْرِفُوا إِنَّهُ لَا يُحِبُّ الْمُسْرِفِينَ ﴿٣١﴾

32. Let-say [you^s]: who^a [he] forbad Allah's adornment^w which^u *akbraja* ([He] produced/ emerged) for His *eba'de* (worshippers-/submitters/slaves) and the goodies^{w50} of the *rez'qe*^x (provision/ victuals for sustenance)^x; let-say [you^s]: it^w (is) for whom^r they^z believed in the life^w (of) the world^w purely The *Qeyamatey's*^w (Judgment's) Day^x; like *tha'leka* (that-a-far-it/that) [We] expound the *Aya'te*^w (messages) for a knowing people.

قُلْ مَنْ حَرَّمَ زِينَةَ اللَّهِ الَّتِي أَخْرَجَ لِعِبَادِهِ وَالطَّيِّبَاتِ مِنَ الرِّزْقِ قُلْ هِيَ لِلَّذِينَ آمَنُوا فِي الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا خَالِصَةً يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ كَذَلِكَ نَفْصِلُ الْأَيَّاتِ لِقَوْمٍ يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿٣٢﴾

33. Let-say [you^s]: verily only forbad my Lord the profanities,^{w51} what appeared/manifested of it^w and what hid, and the sin and the *baghya* (envy/selfish: excessiveness/transgression) by other than the right, and that you^z partner (deities) by Him what [He] not descended by it^x an authority^x, and that you^z say on Allah what not you^z know.

قُلْ إِنَّمَا حَرَّمَ رَبِّي الْفَوَاحِشَ مَا ظَهَرَ مِنْهَا وَمَا بَطَنَ وَالْإِثْمَ وَالْبَغْيَ بِغَيْرِ الْحَقِّ وَأَنْ تُشْرِكُوا بِاللَّهِ مَا لَمْ يُنَزَّلْ بِهِ سُلْطَانًا وَأَنْ تَقُولُوا عَلَى اللَّهِ مَا لَا تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿٣٣﴾

34. And for every an *Ummaten*^w (people/community)^w (is) *ajalon*⁵² (term-limit^x); so *edha* (if/then) came^x their *ajalo* (term-limit^x) neither *yasta'akhero*⁵³ (slacken tarrying) they^z an hour nor *yasta'qdemo* (affirmably advance) they^z.

وَلِكُلِّ أُمَّةٍ أَجَلٌ فَإِذَا جَاءَ أَجْلُهُمْ لَا يَسْتَأْخِرُونَ سَاعَةً وَلَا يَسْتَقْدِمُونَ ﴿٣٤﴾

35. O, Adam's sons: if⁵⁴ assuredly *ya'ateyakom*^x (appear/-come to you)^b^x messengers of you^{b55} narrating they^z on you^z My *Aya'te*^w (messages) then whoever *ettaqa* (he had reverentially guarded not to displease Allah), and [he] reformed, so no fear (is) on them nor they sadden.

يَنْبِئُ آدَمَ إِمَّا يَأْتِيَنَّكُمْ رُسُلٌ مِنْكُمْ يَقُصُّونَ عَلَيْكُمْ آيَاتِي فَمَنْ اتَّقَىٰ وَأَصْلَحَ فَلَا خَوْفٌ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا هُمْ يَحْزَنُونَ ﴿٣٥﴾

36. And who^r they^z denied by Our *Aya'te*^w (messages) and *istakbaro*⁵⁶ (they^z affirmed theirⁿ prideful haughtiness) a'n

وَالَّذِينَ كَذَّبُوا بِآيَاتِنَا وَاسْتَكْبَرُوا عَنْهَا أُولَٰئِكَ أَصْحَابُ

⁴⁶ The word “إِتَّخَذَ” from “الِإِتَّخَاذَ” which is “اِفْتَعَالُ” for “الِاتَّخَاذَ,” as stated in لسان العرب; therefore “إِتَّخَذَ” is always taking and presuming something about what was taken! Thus, it is not just the mere taking!

⁴⁷ The word “أَوْلِيَاءَ” could also mean, among them: protector, friend!

⁴⁸ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for “muhtadee” and its plural “muhtadoon”/“muhtadeen!”

⁴⁹ Although textually “mosque” however, and Allah knows best, it's for every Prayer/presence in the mosque!

⁵⁰ The word “طَيِّبَاتٍ” = “goodies” = “goodies,^w” = a feminine gender means any thing delectable and legitimate!

⁵¹ The word “فَاحِشَةٌ” = “profanity” (plural “فَوَاحِشُ” as infinitive noun or plural “الفَوَاحِشُ” as definitive noun) means vulgar or irreverent say or action, i.e. excess of ugliness in statement or action by an entity, a person or a group, or any of Allah's proscriptions! Some times the word “فَاحِشَةٌ” or “الفَاحِشَةُ” is euphemistically used to mean adultery or fornication or homosexuality!

⁵² The word “الْأَجَلُ” means term-limit, see اللسان!

⁵³ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for the effect of the letter س when added to a word!

⁵⁴ The particle “إِمَّا” could mean the speaker is making a conditional construct, or informing or giving a choice! See اللسان!

⁵⁵ That is from among you!

⁵⁶ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for the effect of the letter س when added to a word!!

(regarding) it^w, those(are) the Hell's^w companions, they (are) in it^w immortals.

النَّارِ هُمْ فِيهَا خَالِدُونَ ﴿٦٧﴾

37. So who^a (is) wronger⁵⁷ than whom^p *ifra* ([he] crafted a lie for fraudulent end) on Allah a lie or[he]denied by His *Aya'te*^w (messages), those attains them their lot of the book until if came^w (to) them Our messengers *yatawaffana* (they fully while dying receive) them, said they^z: where (are) what you^z were invoking of lesser than Allah; said they^z: strayed they^z a'n(off)us and witnessed-/testified they^z on their-selves^w that they were disbelievers.

فَمَنْ أَظْلَمُ مِمَّنْ افْتَرَىٰ عَلَى اللَّهِ كَذِبًا أَوْ كَذَّبَ بِآيَاتِهِ ۖ أُولَٰئِكَ يَنَالُهُمُ نَصِيبُهُم مِّنَ الْكِتَابِ حَتَّىٰ إِذَا جَاءَهُمْ رُسُلُنَا يَتَوَفَّوهُمْ قَالُوا أَإِنَّ مَا كُنْتُمْ تَدْعُونَ مِن دُونِ اللَّهِ قَالُوا ضَلُّوا عَنَّا وَشَهِدُوا عَلَىٰ أَنفُسِهِمْ أَنَّهُمْ كَانُوا كَافِرِينَ ﴿٦٨﴾

38. Said [He]: let-enter you^z in *Umamen*^w (people/communities)^w *qad* (already and affirmatively) ceded^w of before you^z of the Jinn and the humankind in The Fire^w; every-when entered^w an *Ummaton*^w (people/community)^w (it^w) cursed^w its^w sister until if *eddarako*⁵⁸ (the last entrants overtook the first entrants and all are altogether) in it^w together, said^w their last^w to their first: ^w (O), our Lord these misled us; so let-give them [You^s] torment double of The Fire^w; said [He]: for each (is) a double [and,] but you^b know not.

قَالَ أَدْخِلُوا فِي أُمَمٍ قَدْ خَلَتْ مِن قَلْبِكُمْ مِنَ الْجِنَّ وَالْإِنسِ فِي النَّارِ ۖ كُلَّمَا دَخَلَتْ أُمَّةٌ لَعَنَتْ أُخْتَهَا حَتَّىٰ إِذَا آدَارُكُوا فِيهَا جَمِيعًا قَالَتْ أُخْرَيْنَهُمْ لِأُولِنَهُمْ رَبَّنَا هَٰؤُلَاءِ أَضَلُّونَا فَنَاءَمَهُمْ عَذَابًا ضِعْفًا مِّنَ النَّارِ قَالَ لِكُلِّ ضِعْفٌ وَلَٰكِن لَّا تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿٦٩﴾

39. And said^w their first^w to their last: ^w so not was for you^b on us of munificence, so let-taste you^z the torment by what you^c were earning.

وَقَالَتْ أُولِنَهُمْ لِأُخْرَيْنَهُمْ فَمَا كَانَ لَكُمْ عَلَيْنَا مِن فَضْلٍ فَذُوقُوا الْعَذَابَ بِمَا كُنْتُمْ تَكْسِبُونَ ﴿٧٠﴾

40. Verily who^r they^z denied by Our *Aya'te*^w (messages) and *istakbaro*⁵⁹ (they^z affirmed theirⁿ prideful haughtiness) a'n (regarding) it^w, not *tofattabo* (to be iteratively opened) for them the Heaven's^w gates and they^z enter not the Paradise^w until transpierces the *jamal* (camel/thick rope for anchoring the ship) through the needle's-eye; and like *tha'leka* (that-afar-it/ that) [We] requite the criminals.

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَذَّبُوا بِآيَاتِنَا وَاسْتَكْبَرُوا عَنْهَا لَا تَفْتَحُ لَهُمْ أَبْوَابُ السَّمَاءِ وَلَا يَدْخُلُونَ الْجَنَّةَ حَتَّىٰ يَلِجَ الْجَمَلُ فِي سَمِّ الْخِيَاطِ ۖ وَكَذَٰلِكَ نَجْزِي الْمُجْرِمِينَ ﴿٧١﴾

41. For them of Hell^w a *meha'don* (bed/cradle/fixed expanse) and above them overlays⁶⁰; and like *tha'leka* (that-afar-it/ that) [We] requite the *dha'lemeena*⁶¹ (injustice-doers).

هُم مِّنْ جَهَنَّمَ مِهَادٌ وَمِنْ فَوْقِهِمْ غَوَاشٌ ۖ وَكَذَٰلِكَ نَجْزِي الظَّالِمِينَ ﴿٧٢﴾

42. And who^r they^z believed and they^z worked the righteous-works,^w not charge[We] a self^w except its^w capacity; those (are) the Paradise's^w companions they (are) in it^w immortals.

وَالَّذِينَ آمَنُوا وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ لَا نَكْلَفُ نَفْسًا إِلَّا وُسْعَهَا أُولَٰئِكَ أَصْحَابُ الْجَنَّةِ هُمْ فِيهَا خَالِدُونَ ﴿٧٣﴾

43. And wrested We what (is) in their hearts of a rancor, run^w from under them the rivers,^x and said they^z: the praise (is) for Allah Who aright-guided us

وَنَزَعْنَا مَا فِي صُدُورِهِمْ مِّنْ غِلٍّ تَجْرِي مِنْ تَحْتِهِمُ الْأَنْهَارُ وَقَالُوا

⁵⁷ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for “ظالم”=“فاعل الظلم”=“injustice-doer” and “أظلم”=“wronger!”

⁵⁸ The word “eddarako”=“إِذَا رَكُوا” depicts an exact picture, meaning: the last entrants follow and overtake the first entrants until they all are equally present in it!

⁵⁹ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for the effect of the letter س when added to a word!!

⁶⁰ That is of various plights!

⁶¹ The “ظالمين”=“the injustice-doer,” as “الظلم”=“injustice!”

for this and not were we to *nahtadeya* (find and accept the aright-guidance we) *lanla* (had it not been for) [that] Allah aright-guided us; *laqad* (verily, already and affirmatively) came^w our Lord's messengers^x by the right; and they^z (had been) called: that *telkum*⁶² (to you all that/that) (is) the Paradise^w you^b (had been caused to) inherit it^w by what you^z were working.

44. And called The Paradise's^w companions The Fire's^w companions: that *qad* (already and affirmatively) we found what promised us our Lord right; so have you^z found what promised yourⁿ Lord right; said they^z: yes. Then called a caller among them that Allah's curse (is) on the *dha'lemeena*⁶³ (injustice-doers).

45. Who^r they^z repel *a'n* (off) Allah's path, and they^z *yabghho* (earnestly-quest) it^w crookedly while they by the Here-after (are) disbelievers/deniers.

46. And between them both (is) a veil and on the heights (are) men, they know^z each by their signa, and they^z called The Paradise's^w companions: that peace (be) on you,^z they^z entered it^w not,⁶⁴ while they covet⁶⁵.

47. And if (had been) parried^w their *abssa'ro* (insights/-discernments) towards The Fire's^w companions, said they^z: (O), our Lord; let-not make us [Yours] with the people the *dha'lemeena*⁶⁶ (injustice-doers).

48. And called, the heights' companions, men know them they^z by their marks, said they^z: not enriched *a'n* (off) you^b yourⁿ gathering and not what you^b were *testak-berona*⁶⁷ (you^z affirm prideful haughtiness).

49. Are these, whom^r *aqsamtom* (oathed you^c) not reach them Allah by a mercy^w; (then Allah tells these) let-enter you^z the Paradise^w neither fear (is) on you^b, and nor you^f sadden.

50. And called The Fire's^w companions The Paradise's^w companions: that let-shed you^z on us of the water or of what provided you^b Allah; said they^z: verily Allah forbid them both on the disbelievers.

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الَّذِي هَدَانَا لِهَذَا وَمَا كُنَّا لِنَهْتَدِيَ لَوْلَا أَنْ هَدَانَا اللَّهُ لَقَدْ جَاءَتْ رُسُلُ رَبِّنَا بِالْحَقِّ وَنُودُوا أَنْ تِلْكَمُ الْجَنَّةُ أَوْرَثْتُمُوهَا بِمَا كُنْتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿١٧﴾

وَنَادَى أَصْحَابُ الْجَنَّةِ أَصْحَابَ النَّارِ أَنْ قَدْ وَجَدْنَا مَا وَعَدَنَا رَبُّنَا حَقًّا فَهَلْ وَجَدْتُمْ مَا وَعَدَ رَبُّكُمْ حَقًّا قَالُوا نَعَمْ فَأَذِنَ مُمْدِنٌ بَيْنَهُمْ أَنْ لَعْنَةُ اللَّهِ عَلَى الظَّالِمِينَ ﴿١٨﴾

الَّذِينَ يَصُدُّونَ عَنْ سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ وَيَبْغُونَهَا عِوَجًا وَهُمْ بِالْآخِرَةِ كَفُورُونَ ﴿١٩﴾

وَبَيْنَهُمَا حِجَابٌ وَعَلَى الْأَعْرَافِ رَجَالٌ يَعْرِفُونَ كُلًّا بِسِيمَانِهِمْ وَنَادَوْا أَصْحَابَ الْجَنَّةِ أَنْ سَلِّمُوا عَلَيْكُمْ لَمْ يَدْخُلُوهَا وَهُمْ يَطْمَعُونَ ﴿٢٠﴾

وَإِذَا صُرِفَتْ أَبْصَارُهُمْ تِلْقَاءَ أَصْحَابِ النَّارِ قَالُوا رَبَّنَا لَا تَجْعَلْنَا مَعَ الْقَوْمِ الظَّالِمِينَ ﴿٢١﴾

وَنَادَى أَصْحَابُ الْأَعْرَافِ رَجُلًا يَعْرِفُوهُمْ بِسِيمَانِهِمْ قَالُوا مَا أَغْنَىٰ عَنْكُمْ جَمْعُكُمْ وَمَا كُنْتُمْ تَسْتَكْبِرُونَ ﴿٢٢﴾

أَهْتَؤُلَاءِ الَّذِينَ أَقْسَمْتُمْ لَا يَنَالُهُمُ اللَّهُ بِرَحْمَةٍ أَدْخُلُوا الْجَنَّةَ لَا خَوْفٌ عَلَيْكُمْ وَلَا أَنْتُمْ تَحْزَنُونَ ﴿٢٣﴾

وَنَادَى أَصْحَابُ النَّارِ أَصْحَابَ الْجَنَّةِ أَنْ أَفِيضُوا عَلَيْنَا مِنَ الْمَاءِ أَوْ مِمَّا رَزَقَكُمُ اللَّهُ قَالُوا إِنَّ اللَّهَ حَرَّمَهَا عَلَى الْكَافِرِينَ ﴿٢٤﴾

⁶² See footnote 27 regarding "تلكم"، only here the addressees are in the plural

⁶³ The "ظالمين" = "the injustice-doer," as "الظلم" = "injustice!"

⁶⁴ According to some Qur'an commentators, not yet!

⁶⁵ That is they longingly wish and immoderate desire to enter the Paradise!

⁶⁶ The "ظالمين" = "the injustice-doer," as "الظلم" = "injustice!" See footnote 148 below!

⁶⁷ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for the effect of the letter س when added to a word!!

51. Who ^r *ittakhatbo*⁶⁸ (they took and made) their religion jestingly and playfully and deceived^w them the life^w (of) the world^w; so today [We] forget⁶⁹ (cease paying attention to) them, just as they^z forgot⁷⁰ *lega'a* (meeting) their day, this and what they^z were by Our *Aya'te*^w (messages) rejecting they^z.

الَّذِينَ اتَّخَذُوا دِينَهُمْ لَهْوًا
وَلَعِبًا وَغَرَّتُهُمُ الْحَيَاةُ الدُّنْيَا
فَالْيَوْمَ نَنْسَاهُمْ كَمَا نَسُوا
لِقَاءَ يَوْمِهِمْ هَذَا وَمَا كَانُوا
بِعَايِنَتِنَا مَحْجُودُونَ ﴿٥١﴾

52. And *laqad*(verily, already and affirmatively) We came (to) them by a book^x We expounded it^x on a knowledge, an aright-guidance and a mercy^w for a people, believing they^z.

وَلَقَدْ جِئْنَاهُمْ بِكِتَابٍ فَصَّلْنَاهُ
عَلَىٰ عِلْمٍ هُدًى وَرَحْمَةً لِّقَوْمٍ
يُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿٥٢﴾

53. Do await they^z except its^x *ta'aweela*^x (ultimate: construing/ explanation); day *ya'atee*^x (ultimately realizes)^x comes its^x *ta'aweelo*^x say who^r they^z forgot⁷¹ (ceased paying attention to) it^x of before: *qad* (already and affirmatively) come^w our Lord's messengers^x by the right; so are (there) for us of intercessors so they^z intercede for us; or *nuraddo* ([we] be-forthwith-returned) then [we] work other than which^x we were working; *qad* (already and affirmatively) they^z lost their selves^w and strayed *a'n*(off) them what they^z were *yastarona* (they^z craft a lie for fraudulent end).

هَلْ يَنْظُرُونَ إِلَّا تَأْوِيلَهُ يَوْمَ
يَأْتِي تَأْوِيلَهُ يَقُولُ الَّذِينَ نَسُوهُ
مِنْ قَبْلُ قَدْ جَاءَتْ رُسُلُ رَبِّنَا
بِالْحَقِّ فَهَلْ لَنَا مِنْ شُفَعَاءَ
فَيَشْفَعُوا لَنَا أَوْ نُرَدُّ فَنَعْمَلْ غَيْرَ
الَّذِي كُنَّا نَعْمَلُ قَدْ خَسِرُوا
أَنْفُسَهُمْ وَضَلَّ عَنْهُمْ مَا كَانُوا
يَفْتَرُونَ ﴿٥٣﴾

54. Verily yourⁿ Lord (is) Allah, Who created the Heavens^w and the Earth^w in six days; afterwards *istawa*⁷² (He set Himself) over The *Arsh*⁷³ (Throne of Kingship). [He] overlies the night^x the day^x⁷⁴, questing it^x expeditiously⁷⁵; and the sun^w and the moon^x and the stars^x *musakharaten*^w⁷⁶ (they that are driven, subjectable

إِنَّ رَبَّكُمْ اللَّهُ الَّذِي خَلَقَ
السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضَ فِي سِتَّةِ أَيَّامٍ
ثُمَّ اسْتَوَىٰ عَلَى الْعَرْشِ يُغْشِي
الَّيْلَ النَّهَارَ يَطْلُبُهُ حَثِيثًا

⁶⁸ The word “اتَّخَذَ” from “الِاتِّخَاذُ” which is “اِفْتَعَالُ” for “الِاتِّخَاذُ”, as stated in لسان العرب; therefore “اتَّخَذَ” is always taking and presuming some thing about what was taken! Thus, it is not just the mere taking!

⁶⁹ The word “نَسِيَ” has dual meanings: (1) “forgot” or (2) dismissed or dispelled, in the sense of cast off or ceased to pay attention to! The second meaning especially applies, as in this Ayah, where Allah says “We forget them,” or where Allah says: “We forgot you,” (S32:14), as Allah does not forget, but He chooses to ceases paying attention to some thing! See اللسان!

⁷⁰ Ibid, for forgot!

⁷¹ See footnote 1684 above regarding “نَسِيَ”!

⁷² The word “istawa” has several meanings: (1) intended and set to fix or establish; (2) balanced from a state of imbalance; (3) became straight from crookedness; (4) matured and reached the age of discerning; (5) took a firm hold; (6) made or done (as in the case of food). It is of paramount importance to mention here that in the case of Allah, the “how” did He “istawa” is not knowable, because there is nothing to compare Allah with to know the “how” of His action!

⁷³ The word “العَرْشُ” in the Arabic language means: “المُضْطَجِعُ أَوِ السَّرِيرُ الَّذِي يُجْلَسُ عَلَيْهِ الْمَلِكُ” See اللسان! In Ayah 23 of an-Namil: “...and for her a great Arsh!” (S27; 23), clearly means the “Arsh” is the “Throne of Power and Dominion!” And according to الحديث المتفق عليه = The Hadeeth which is agreed upon, i.e. by both most authoritative Hadeeth narrators, Al-Bukhary and Muslim, the Prophet (SAWS) said: “so, verily the people are to be swooned (fainted)! And that I am the first to regain consciousness, suddenly I am by (i.e. seeing) Mosa (Moses) he taking with a Pillar of the Pillars of The Arsh! So, I profoundly know not did he regained consciousness before me or he was recompensed by the Ttoor (Mount) swooning!” See الطبعة السبعة، شرح ابن أبي العز الحنفي! العقيدة الطحاوية سنة 1403هـ - 1983م، دمشق بيروت طبعة المكتب الإسلامي!

⁷⁴ That Allah covers the night by the day and the day by the night, as the night is not ahead of day (S 36:40)!

⁷⁵ The word “حَثِيثًا” = “مَفْعُولٌ مُطْلَقٌ، نِيَابَةٌ عَنِ الْمَصْدَرِ” that is objective compliment in place of infinite noun! Also إعراب القرآن، لمحمود صافي “يجوز أن يكون حالا، من فاعل يطلب”، or could be adverbial construct! See اللسان والتاج! Also the word: “حَثِيثًا” = “إِعْجَالٌ بِاتِّصَالٍ” that is expeditiously! See اللسان والتاج!

⁷⁶ The word “musakharaten” is plural, objective noun, meaning: they that are driven, subjectable beings, for which there is no English equivalent, as almost always for objective nouns!

beings)^w by His command; indeed, for Him (are) the creation and the command; *tabaraka*⁷⁷ (*Allah is exclusively, firmly, iteratively and immensely elevated*) Allah, the worlds' Lord.

وَالشَّمْسُ وَالْقَمَرُ وَالنُّجُومُ
مُسَخَّرَاتٌ بِأَمْرِهِ أَلَا لَهُ الْخَلْقُ
وَالْأَمْرُ تَبَارَكَ اللَّهُ رَبُّ الْعَالَمِينَ ﴿٥٥﴾

55. Let-invoke you^{z78} yourⁿ Lord supplicantly and covertly; verily He loves not the transgressors.

ادْعُوا رَبَّكُمْ تَضَرُّعًا وَخُفْيَةً إِنَّهُ لَا يُحِبُّ الْمُعْتَدِينَ ﴿٥٦﴾

56. And let-not corrupt you^z in the Earth^w after its^w reformation and let-invoke you^z Him fearfully and cravingly; verily Allah's mercy^w (is) near^{x79} of the benefactors.

وَلَا تَفْسِدُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ بَعْدَ إِصْلَاحِهَا وَادْعُوهُ خَوْفًا وَطَمَعًا إِنَّ رَحْمَتَ اللَّهِ قَرِيبٌ مِّنَ الْمُحْسِنِينَ ﴿٥٧﴾

57. And He Who sends the winds *bushran* (a pleasant tiding) [between] His mercy's^w (*ghaytha*=delightful/satiating-and-reviving rain) [both hands^w],⁸⁰ until if *agallat*^w (*it*^w raised and carried)^w *sahaban*⁸¹ (*gliding-clouds*) heavies We drove it^x to a *mayye'te* (*dying/dead*) *baladen*^x (*region, country, settlement*)^x, then We descended by it^x the water^x then *akbraja* (*emerged/produced*) We by it^x of all the *thamara'te*^w (*trees/plants/crops/fruits*)^w; like *tha'leka* (*that-afar-it/that*) *nukhrejo* ([We] resurrect) the deceased, *la'alla* (*craving currently unavailable deed that/perhaps*) you^b reminisce.

وَهُوَ الَّذِي يُرْسِلُ الرِّيحَ بُشْرًا بَيْنَ يَدَيْ رَحْمَتِهِ حَتَّىٰ إِذَا أَقْلَتِ سَحَابًا ثِقَالًا سُقْنَاهُ لِبَلَدٍ مَّيِّتٍ فَأَنْزَلْنَا بِهِ الْمَاءَ فَأَخْرَجْنَا بِهِ مِنْ كُلِّ الثَّمَرَاتِ كَذَٰلِكَ نُخْرِجُ الْمَوْتَىٰ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَذَكَّرُونَ ﴿٥٨﴾

58. And the *balado*^x (*region, country, settlement*)^x the good^x produces its^x sprouts by its^x Lord's leave and (*that*) which^x *kehabotha*⁸² (*became bad, evil*) produces not, except niggardly; like *tha'leka* (*that-afar-it/that*) [We] variegate the *Aya'te*^w (*miracles, signs, proofs*) for people (*who*)^z thank they^z.

وَالْبَلَدِ الطَّيِّبِ يَخْرِجُ نَبَاتَهُ بِإِذْنِ رَبِّهِ وَالَّذِي خَبُثَ لَا تَخْرِجُ إِلَّا نَكِدًا كَذَٰلِكَ نُصَرِّفُ الْآيَاتِ لِقَوْمٍ يَشْكُرُونَ ﴿٥٩﴾

59. *Laqad* (*verily, already and affirmatively*) We sent Noohan (*Noah*) to his people then said [*he*]: O, my people let-worship you^z Allah, not for you^z of an *elaben* (*a deity*) other than Him; verily I, [I] fear/know⁸³ on you^b a torment (*of*) a great day.

لَقَدْ أَرْسَلْنَا نُوحًا إِلَىٰ قَوْمِهِ فَقَالَ يَنْقُومِرِ اعْبُدُوا اللَّهَ مَا لَكُمْ مِّنْ إِلَٰهٍ غَيْرُهُ إِنِّي أَخَافُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَذَابَ يَوْمٍ عَظِيمٍ ﴿٦٠﴾

60. Said the chiefs (*of*) his people: verily we surely see you^g in a misguidance^x manifest^x.

قَالَ الْمَلَأُ مِنْ قَوْمِهِ إِنَّا لَنَرُكَ فِي ضَلَالٍ مُّبِينٍ ﴿٦١﴾

61. Said [*he*]: O, my people not by me a misguidance^w; [and,] but surely I am a messenger from the worlds' Lord.

قَالَ يَنْقُومِرِ لَيْسَ بِي ضَلَالَةٌ وَلَكِنِّي رَسُولٌ مِّنْ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ ﴿٦٢﴾

⁷⁷ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for this important word “تَبَارَكَ” In summary: *Tabaraka* (*Allah is exclusively, firmly, iteratively and immensely elevated*)!

⁷⁸ For the pronoun “you^z” see the table for superscripted words attached to this Translation!

⁷⁹ What is interesting here is “الرَّحْمَةُ” = “the mercy” in Arabic is a *feminine* gender, so its reference in this great *Ayah* was expected to be “قَرِيبَةً” = “she-near!” However, its reference is in the *masculine*! Qur’an commentators have various explanations, among them one that says: because what is meant by “الرَّحْمَةُ” = “the mercy” in this context is “forgiveness” or “pardon” or “rain,” = “الْعَفْوُ” “الْغُفْرَانُ” “المطر” respectively, *all* of which are *masculine* and therefore the reference to *them* or to *any* one of them should be *masculine*! Hence the “near^x” is *correct* and *proper* reference!

⁸⁰ This is a *figure of speech* combined with the Arabic tongue expression “between his or her both hands” means *in front of*! Additionally, some maintain that the “hands” are symbols of divine Might or Power!

⁸¹ The word “سَحَابٌ” versus “غَيْمٌ” is that the “سَحَابٌ هُوَ يَنْسَحِبُ” i.e. glides itself or the wind *pulls* or *pushes* it and make it *move*! And it’s *plural* of a “سَحَابَةٍ” Whereas the “غَيْمٌ” appears *stationary*! انظر اللسان!

⁸² The word “kehabotha” = “خَبُثَ” is a *past tense*, i.e. *that which became bad*, it has *no English equivalent per se*!

⁸³ Linguistically the word “خَفْتُ” carries *dual* meanings: (1) *feared* and (2) *knew*! Both meanings could apply!

62. [I] communicate (to) you ^b my Lord's messages ^w and [I] (sincerely)-counsel ⁸⁴ for you ^b and [I] know from Allah what not you ^z know.	أَبْلَغُكُمْ رَسُولَاتِ رَبِّي وَأَنْصَحُ لَكُمْ وَأَعْلَمُ مِنَ اللَّهِ مَا لَا تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿٦٢﴾
63. Have you ^c wondered that came (to) you ^b a <i>Thekron</i> ^x (revelation/message/exhortation) ^x from your ⁿ Lord on/-over a man of you ^b to warn you ^b [he] and to <i>tattaqo</i> (reverentially guard you ^z not to displease Allah) and <i>la'alla</i> (craving currently unavailable deed that/perhaps) you ^b <i>torhamoona</i> ⁸⁵ (you ^z be mercy-given).	أَوْعَجِبْتُمْ أَنْ جَاءَكُمْ ذِكْرٌ مِّن رَّبِّكُمْ عَلَى رَجُلٍ مِّنكُمْ لِيُنذِرَكُمْ وَلِتَتَّقُوا وَلَعَلَّكُمْ تُرْحَمُونَ ﴿٦٣﴾
64. So they ^z denied him, so We rescued him, and who ^r (were) with him in the <i>folke</i> ^x (Ark) ^x and We drowned whom ^r they ^z denied by Our <i>Aya'te</i> ^w (miracles/signs-/proofs) verily they were people <i>ameena</i> ⁸⁶ (having heart/mind blindness).	فَكَذَّبُوهُ فَأَنْجَيْنَاهُ وَالَّذِينَ مَعَهُ فِي الْفُلِّ وَأَغْرَقْنَا الَّذِينَ كَذَّبُوا بِآيَاتِنَا إِنَّهُمْ كَانُوا قَوْمًا عَمِينَ ﴿٦٤﴾
65. And to <i>Aaden</i> ⁸⁷ their brother <i>Hoodan</i> (Heber), said [he]: O, my people let-worship you ^z Allah, not for you ^b of an <i>elaben</i> (a deity) other than Him; do then not <i>tattaqoona</i> (you ^z reverentially guard not to displease Allah).	وَإِلَىٰ عَادٍ أَخَاهُمْ هُودًا قَالَ يَبْنَومَ اعْبُدُوا اللَّهَ مَا لَكُمْ مِّنْ إِلَهِ غَيْرُهُ أَفَلَا تَتَّقُونَ ﴿٦٥﴾
66. Said the chiefs, who ^r they ^z disbelieved of his people: verily we see you ^g in a preposterousness ^w and verily we assuredly presume (that) you ^g (are) of the liars.	قَالَ الْمَلَأُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا مِنْ قَوْمِهِ إِنَّا لَنَرُكَ فِي سَفَاهَةٍ وَإِنَّا لَنُظُنُّكَ مِنَ الْكَذَّابِينَ ﴿٦٦﴾
67. Said [he]: O, my people not by me a preposterousness ^w ; [and,] but that I am a messenger of the worlds' Lord.	قَالَ يَبْنَومَ لَيْسَ بِي سَفَاهَةٌ وَلِيَكُنِّي رَسُولٌ مِّن رَّبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ ﴿٦٧﴾
68. [I] communicate (to) you ^z my Lord's messages ^w and I am for you ^b a (sincere)-counselor ⁸⁸ trustworthy.	أَبْلَغُكُمْ رَسُولَاتِ رَبِّي وَأَنَا لَكُمْ نَاصِحٌ أَمِينٌ ﴿٦٨﴾
69. Have wondered you ^c that came (to) you ^b <i>Thekron</i> ^x (a revelation as reminder/message) ^x from your ⁿ Lord on/-over a man of you ^b to warn you ^b [he]; and let-remember you ^z <i>edh</i> (since/when) [He] made you ^b vicegerents ⁸⁹ from after people (of) <i>Noohen's</i> (Noah's), and augmented you ^z [He] in the creation <i>ba'sstatan</i> (physical hugeness/expanse) ^w ; so let-remember you ^z Allah's <i>alaa</i> (various boons), ⁹⁰ <i>la'alla</i> (craving currently unavailable deed that, perhaps) you ^b prosper you ^z .	أَوْعَجِبْتُمْ أَنْ جَاءَكُمْ ذِكْرٌ مِّن رَّبِّكُمْ عَلَى رَجُلٍ مِّنكُمْ لِيُنذِرَكُمْ وَأَذْكُرُوا إِذْ جَعَلَكُمْ خُلَفَاءَ مِن بَعْدِ قَوْمِ نُوحٍ وَزَادَكُمْ فِي الْخَلْقِ بَضْطَةً فَادْكُرُوا ءَالَاءَ اللَّهِ لَعَلَّكُمْ تُفْلِحُونَ ﴿٦٩﴾

⁸⁴ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation regarding *sincere-counsel*

⁸⁵ The word “رحمة” = “mercy” in Arabic “رحمة” is unlike its English equivalent, in that “رحمة” can be conjugated into verbs of the past, present, future, active, passive, etc! As in this case, it is constructed in the future-passive for the masculine plural! There is no way to exactly render this in English *per se*! So the closest is to possibly say: “perhaps you, you be given-mercy,” thus introducing the idea of “given-mercy” which the Arabic text does not really say *per se*! The Arabic says, as if to say: *perhaps you are being mercied*,” which cannot be said in correct English, as there is no such word as “mercied”!

⁸⁶ The word “عمين” is the plural of “عم” versus “عمي” = blind=he who lost his eye-sight! So “عمين” are those who are *having blindness of heart or mind*, so they cannot find the right or the right way! See الهادي!

⁸⁷ Aad is a name of an ancient Arab tribe of prodigal stature that took its name from its leader's name!

⁸⁸ See *Lexicon* attached to this Translation!

⁸⁹ The word “خلفاء” = plural of “خليفة”; not “خلاف” = plural for “خالف”!

⁹⁰ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for “ne'amal” (“boon”)!

70. Said they:^z have you^g come (to) us to worship [we] Allah alone and we quit what [were] our fathers worshipping; so *eetee* (let-[you^s] produce/bring to pass for) us by what [you^s] promise us, *en* (if) you^g were of the *ssadeqeena* (always-truth-enforcers).

قَالُوا أَجِئْتَنَا لِنَعْبُدَ اللَّهَ وَحْدَهُ
وَنَذَرَ مَا كَانُوا يَعْبُدُونَ آبَاءَنَا
فَأْتِنَا بِمَا تَعِدُنَا إِنْ كُنْتَ مِنَ
الصَّادِقِينَ ﴿٧٠﴾

71. Said [he]: *qad* (already and affirmatively) befell on you^b from yourⁿ Lord *rejson*^x (filth/anathema)^x and a wrath; do you^z dispute me in names^x you^c named them, you^f and yourⁿ fathers, not recurrently descended Allah by it^w of an authority^x; so let-wait you^z verily I am with you^b of the *muntathereena*⁹¹ (they who wait).

قَالَ قَدْ وَقَعَ عَلَيْكُمْ مِنْ رَبِّكُمْ
رَجْسٌ وَغَضَبٌ أَتُجَادِلُونَنِي فِي
أَسْمَاءِ سَمَّيْتُمُوهَا أَنْتُمْ وَآبَاؤُكُمْ
مَا نَزَّلَ اللَّهُ بِهَا مِنْ سُلْطَانٍ فَانْتَظِرُوا
إِنِّي مَعَكُمْ مِنَ الْمُنْتَظِرِينَ ﴿٧١﴾

72. So We delivered him, and whom^r (were) with him by a mercy^w from Us, and We cut off the *da'bero*⁹² (rear-most/last) (of) whom^r they^z denied by Our *Aya'te*^w (messages/signs/proofs) and they^z were not believers.

فَأَنجَيْنَاهُ وَالَّذِينَ مَعَهُ بِرَحْمَةٍ
مِّنَّا وَقَطَّعْنَا دَابِرَ الَّذِينَ كَذَبُوا
بِعَايَتِنَا وَمَا كَانُوا مُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿٧٢﴾

73. And to *Thamooda*,⁹³ their brother *Ssalihan* (*Methsalah*)⁹⁴ said [he]: O, my people let-worship you^z Allah, not for you^z of an *elaben* (a deity) other than Him; *qad* (already and affirmatively) came^w (to) you^b evidence^w from yourⁿ Lord. This^w (is) Allah's she-camel for you^z an *Aya'tan*^w (miracle/sign/proof); so let-leave her you^z eat^w in Allah's land^w and let-not touch her you^z by an ill lest⁹⁵ takes you^b a painful torment.

وَالِى ثَمُودَ أَخَاهُمْ صَالِحًا قَالَ
يَقُومُوا عِبَادُوا اللَّهَ مَا لَكُمْ مِنْ
إِلَهِ غَيْرِهِ قَدْ جَاءَكُمْ بَيِّنَةٌ
مِّنْ رَبِّكُمْ هَذِهِ نَاقَةُ اللَّهِ لَكُمْ
آيَةٌ فَذَرُوهَا تَأْكُلْ فِي أَرْضِ
اللَّهِ وَلَا تَمْسُوهَا بِسُوءٍ فَيَأْخُذَكُمْ
عَذَابُ أَلِيمٌ ﴿٧٣﴾

74. And let-remember you^z *edh* (since/when) [He] made you^z vicegerents from after *Aad's* people and *banwa* ([He] deservedly ensconced) you^b in the land^w *tattak.betho*⁹⁶ (you^z take and make) of its^w plains palaces and you^z carve the mountains houses; so let-remember you^z Allah's *alaa* (various boons)⁹⁷ and let-not *ta'athan*⁹⁸ (you^z mischief-hardest) in the land^w (as) corruptors.

وَاذْكُرُوا إِذْ جَعَلَكُمْ خُلَفَاءَ مِنْ
بَعْدِ عَادٍ وَبَوَّأَكُمْ فِي الْأَرْضِ
تَتَخَذُونَ مِنْ سُهُولِهَا قُصُورًا
وَتَنْحِتُونَ الْجِبَالَ بُيُوتًا
فَاذْكُرُوا ءَالَاءَ اللَّهِ وَلَا تَعْتُوا
فِي الْأَرْضِ مُفْسِدِينَ ﴿٧٤﴾

75. Said the chiefs who^r *istakbaro*⁹⁹ (they^z affirmed theirⁿ prideful haughtiness) (of) his people for whom^r *istodh'efo*¹⁰⁰ (were deemed weaklings they^z) for whom^p [he] believed of them: do you^z know that *Sa'lihan* (*Methsaleh*) (is) a *mursalan* (sent-messenger) from his Lord; said they^z: verily we (are) by what he (had been)

قَالَ الْمَلَأُ الَّذِينَ اسْتَكْبَرُوا مِنْ
قَوْمِهِ لِلَّذِينَ اسْتُضْعِفُوا لِمَنْ
ءَامَنَ مِنْهُمْ أَتَعْلَمُونَ أَنَّ
صَالِحًا مُّرْسَلٌ مِّنْ رَبِّهِ قَالُوا

⁹¹ The word “mutathereen”= “منتظرين” is masculine, plural, subjective noun!

⁹² The *Qur'anic* phrase: “Then (had been) cut off *da'bero* (rear-most, last of) the people”= “قطع دابر القوم” is yet another of the lofty Arabic tongue expressions, meaning uprooted the peoples' rear-most, i.e. the last person = دابر of such people!

⁹³ The tribe of *Thamood* is an ancient Arabian tribe destroyed for their impiety, as this and the following *Ayat* show.

⁹⁴ *Salih* (*Methsaleh*) appears in the Bible (Gen 5:27) as the longest-lived of the ancient pre-Flood patriarchs, having attained the age of 969 years of age, see *The Dictionary of Bible and Religion*, by W.H. Gentz.

⁹⁵ The “ف” in “فياخذكم” is “ف السببية” see إعراب القرآن لـ محمود صافي; hence “lest!”

⁹⁶ The word “اتخذ” from “الإتخاذ” which is “إفتعال” for “الأتخاذ”, as stated in لسان العرب; therefore, “اتخذ” is always taking and presuming some-thing about what was taken! Thus, it is not just the mere taking!

⁹⁷ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for “ne'amah” (“boon”)!

⁹⁸ The word “تعثوا” from العثو = اشد الفساد, means to mischief causing hardest of corruption! See اللسان!

⁹⁹ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for the effect of the letter س when added to a word!!

¹⁰⁰ Ibid!

sent by[it^x] believers.

76. Said who^r *istakbaro*¹⁰¹ (they^z affirmed theirⁿ prideful haughtiness): verily we(are) by which^x you^c believed in [it^x] (are) disbelievers.

77. Then hamstrung they^z the she-camel and they^z recalcitrated *a'n* (regarding) their Lord's command and said they: ^z O, *Salibo* (*Methsalah*) *eetee* (let-[you^s] produce/bring to pass for) us by what [you^s] promise us, *en(if)* [you^s] were of the *mursaleena* (sent-messengers).

78. So took^w them the *rajfato* (*Shudder-she^y* / *Tremor-she^y*) so they^z became in their home^w kneelers.

79. Then [he] diverted *a'n*(off) them and said [he]: *laqad* (verily, already and affirmatively) I communicated (to) you^c my Lord's message^w and I (sincerely)-counseled¹⁰² for you^b; [and,] but you^b love not the (sincere)-counselors.¹⁰³

80. And *Loottan* (*Lott*) *edh* (when) [he] said for his people: do *ta'ttona* (you^z commit/perpetrate) the profanity^{w104} not preceded you^b by it^w of an *abadon*¹⁰⁵ (a lone/any-one) of the worlds.

81. Verily you^b surely *ta'tona*¹⁰⁶ (you^z come onto/have sexual intercourse with) the men a (voluptuous) desire^w of without/lesser than the women; rather you^z (are) people prodigals/exceeders¹⁰⁷.

82. And not was his people's answer except that said they:^z let-egress them you^z from yourⁿ village^w; verily they (are) people *yatattabrona* (they^z ever-purge from sins).

83. Then We delivered him and his family except his woman/wife, was^w of the *gha'bereena* (residuum/-remnants)¹⁰⁸.

84. And We ill-rained¹⁰⁹ on them a rain; so let-look [you^s] how [was] the criminals' consequence^w.

85. And to *Madyan* (polity) their brother *Shuaiba*¹¹⁰ said [he]: O, my people let-worship you^z Allah, not for you^b of an *elaben* (a deity) other than Him, *qad* (already and affirmatively) came^w (to) you^b an evidence^w from yourⁿ Lord; so let-fulfill¹¹¹ you^z the measure

إِنَّا بِمَا أَرْسَلْنَا بِهِ رَسُولَنَا مِنْ قَبْلِهِ

قَالَ الَّذِينَ اسْتَكْبَرُوا إِنَّا بِالَّذِي

ءَامَنْتُمْ بِهِ كَافِرُونَ

فَعَقَرُوا النَّاقَةَ وَعَتَوْا عَنْ أَمْرِ

رَبِّهِمْ وَقَالُوا يُصَلِّعُ أُمَّتُنَا بِمَا

تَعِدُنَا إِن كُنْتَ مِنَ الْمُرْسَلِينَ

فَأَخَذَتْهُمُ الرَّجْفَةُ فَأَصْبَحُوا فِي

دَارِهِمْ جِثْمِينَ

فَتَوَلَّى عَنْهُمْ وَقَالَ يَاقَوْمِ لَقَدْ

أَتَيْتُكُمْ رَسُولًا مِّن رَّبِّي وَأَنْصَحْتُ

لَكُمْ وَلَيْكُم ۚ لَا تُحِبُّونَ

النَّاصِحِينَ

وَلَوْ طَآ إِذْ قَالَ لِقَوْمِهِ أَتَأْتُونَ

الْفَحِشَةَ مَا سَبَقَكُمْ بِهَا مِنْ

أَحَدٍ مِّنَ الْعَالَمِينَ

إِنَّكُمْ لَتَأْتُونَ الرِّجَالَ شَهْوَةً

مِّن دُونِ النِّسَاءِ ۚ بَلْ أَنْتُمْ قَوْمٌ

مُسْرِفُونَ

وَمَا كَانَتْ جَوَابَ قَوْمِهِ إِلَّا

أَن قَالُوا أَخْرِجُوهُمْ مِّن قَرْيَتِكُمْ

إِنَّهُمْ أَنَاسٌ يَّتَطَهَّرُونَ

فَأَنْجَيْنَاهُ وَأَهْلَهُ إِلَّا امْرَأَتَهُ

كَانَتْ مِنَ الْغَابِرِينَ

وَأَمْطَرْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ مَطَرًا فَأَنْظَرُوا

كَيْفَ كَانَتْ عِقَابَ الْمُجْرِمِينَ

وَإِلَى مَدْيَنَ أَخَاهُمْ شُعَيْبًا قَالَ

يَاقَوْمِ اعْبُدُوا اللَّهَ مَا لَكُمْ مِن

إِلَهِ غَيْرِهِ ۚ قَدْ جَاءَتْكُمْ بَيِّنَةٌ مِّن

رَبِّكُمْ فَأَوْفُوا الْكَيْلَ

¹⁰¹ See the *Lexicon* attached to this *Translation* for the effect of the letter **س** when added to a word!!

¹⁰² See *Lexicon* attached to this *Translation*!

¹⁰³ Ibid!

¹⁰⁴ See the *Lexicon* attached to this *Translation* for “فاحشة” = “profanity!”

¹⁰⁵ See the *Lexicon* attached to this *Translation* regarding “أحد”!

¹⁰⁶ That is to have a sexual relation, i.e. intercourse!!

¹⁰⁷ Such people are described as “exceeders,” in the course of the *abominable homosexuality*, because apparently their total *outlook* is overwhelmingly given to extravagance and waste!

¹⁰⁸ The wife of *Lott* was among the “residuum/ remnants,” i.e. lagged behind, *not rescued* with *Lott* and family!

¹⁰⁹ In Arabic there is a distinction between “مطر” = rained, and “أمطر” = ill-rained, as “مطر” = في الخير and “أمطر” = في الشر see the *al-raagib*! In this case “أمطر” is used! So for lack of “أمطر” in English, I chose ill-rained!

¹¹⁰ Prophet *Shuaib* is an Arab prophet in *Madyan*, in north western Arabia; most probably having nothing to do with *Jethro*, the father-in-law of *Mosa* (*Moses*).

¹¹¹ The word “أوفوا” from “الوفاء” = “التمام,” meaning gathering the last component of any obligation to make it a whole! So, “أوفوا” means you endeavor and gather the last part of an obligation and fulfill it!

and [the] balance, and let-not under-value¹¹² you^z the mankind's their things and let-not corrupt you^z in the Earth^w after its^w reform; *thalekum* (be-afar-collective-you/ that) (is) *khayron* (choicer/ superior/ worthier) for you^{ben} (if) you^c were believers.

وَالْمِيزَانَ وَلَا تَبْخَسُوا النَّاسَ أَشْيَاءَهُمْ وَلَا تَفْسِدُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ بَعْدَ إِصْلَاحِهَا ذَلِكُمْ خَيْرٌ لَّكُمْ إِن كُنْتُمْ مُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿٦٧﴾

86. And let-not you^z sit by every *Sseratten* (road/way) you^z threaten¹¹³ and you^z repel *a'n* (off) Allah's path whom^p [be] believed by Him/it; ^{x114} and *tabgho* (earnestly-quest) you^z it^w crookedly; and let-remember you^z *edh* (when/since) you^z were a few then [He] multiplied you^b; and let-look you^z: how [was] the corruptors' consequence.^w

وَلَا تَقْعُدُوا بِكُلِّ صِرَاطٍ تُوعِدُونَ وَتَصُدُّونَ عَنْ سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ مَنْ ءَامَرَ بِهِ وَتَبْغُونَهَا عِوَجًا وَأَذْكُرُوا أَنِ إِذْ كُنْتُمْ قَلِيلًا فَكَثَّرَكُمْ وَانظُرُوا كَيْفَ كَانَ عَاقِبَةُ الْمُفْسِدِينَ ﴿٦٨﴾

87. And *en* (if) [was]^x a *ta'efa'tan*^w (group/faction/party)^w of you^b they^z believed by (that) which^x I was sent by it^x and a *ta'efa'tan*^w not believed they^z, so *essbero* (let-hold on patiently you^s) until Allah rules between us and He (is) *khayro* (choicer/ superior/ worthier) (of) the Rulers.

وَإِنْ كَانَ طَائِفَةٌ مِّنْكُمْ ءَامَنُوا بِالَّذِي أُرْسِلْتُ بِهِ وَطَائِفَةٌ لَّمْ يُؤْمِنُوا فَاصْبِرُوا حَتَّىٰ تَحْكُمَ اللَّهُ بَيْنَنَا وَهُوَ خَيْرُ الْحَاكِمِينَ ﴿٦٩﴾

88. Said the chiefs who^r *istakbaro*¹¹⁵ (they^z affirmed theirⁿ *prideful haughtiness*) of his people: verily we (shall) assuredly¹¹⁶ exit you^g O *Shuaibo* and whom^r they^z believed with you^g from our village^w or indeed assuredly you^z, return¹¹⁷ in our sect^w/faith^w; said [be]: do [and] albeit we were dislikers.

قَالَ الْمَلَأُ الَّذِينَ اسْتَكْبَرُوا مِن قَوْمِهِ لَنُخْرِجَنَّكَ يَشْعِبُ وَالَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا مَعَكَ مِن قَرْيِنَا أَوْ لَتَعُودَنَّ فِي مِلَّتِنَا قَالَ أَوَلَوْ كُنَّا كَارِهِينَ ﴿٧٠﴾

89. *Qad* (already and affirmatively) *iftarayna* (we crafted a lie for fraudulent end) on Allah a lie, *en* (if) we returned in yourⁿ sect^w/faith^w, after *edh* (when/since) recurrently delivered us Allah from it^w; and not be for us that [we] return in it^w except that wills Allah, our Lord. [He] Expanded¹¹⁸ our Lord every-thing omnisciently; on Allah we (had) trusted; O, our Lord: let-open¹¹⁹ [You^s] between us and our people, by the right, and You^s (are) *khayro* (choicer/ superior/ worthier) (of) The Openers^{x120}.

قَدْ افْتَرَيْنَا عَلَى اللَّهِ كَذِبًا إِن عُدْنَا فِي مِلَّتِكُمْ بَعْدَ إِذْ نَجَّيْنَا اللَّهُ مِنْهَا وَمَا يَكُونُ لَنَا أَنْ نَعُودَ فِيهَا إِلَّا أَنْ يَشَاءَ اللَّهُ رَبُّنَا وَسِعَ رَبُّنَا كُلَّ شَيْءٍ عِلْمًا عَلَى اللَّهِ تَوَكَّلْنَا رَبُّنَا أَفَتَمَحَّ بِبَيْنَنَا وَبَيْنَ قَوْمِنَا بِالْحَقِّ وَأَنْتَ خَيْرُ الْفَاتِحِينَ ﴿٧١﴾

90. And said the chiefs, who^r disbelieved they^z of his

وَقَالَ الْمَلَأُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا مِن

¹¹² The word "تبخسوا" in "تبخسوا" carries two distinct but supportive or almost synonymous meanings: (1) under-value, (2) diminish the value!

¹¹³ The word "توعدون" versus "وعد بالخير" so "توعدون" is threatening!

¹¹⁴ In the expression "من آمن به" the "هـ" in the "به" is in reference to what? Is it to "Allah"? Or is it to "Allah's way"? According to (الكشاف) the noted Arabic linguist, it clearly refers to "Allah's way!" Many other Qur'an commentators are not clear as to which this "هـ" refers to? So Assuming that الزمخشري is correct then, the translation should be as stated as "it," not "He!" However, according to the general principle that the pronoun normally refers to the nearest of the named references! So, in this case "He" seems to be better! To incorporate the two arguments I chose: "He/it!"

¹¹⁵ See the *Lexicon* attached to this *Translation* for the effect of the letter س when added to a word!!

¹¹⁶ The "ل" in "لنخرجنك" and in "لنعودن" are juratory "ل" = "القسم" amounting to = "التأكيد", i.e. affirmation, in both cases expressed by "assuredly"!

¹¹⁷ The word "تعودن" is here intensified by faithfully return.

¹¹⁸ The word "وسع" = "Expanded" means is already broadened to contain/include/comprehend!

¹¹⁹ The word "افتح" in this context and Allah knows best, means "decide" or "rule" between us and the disbelievers, or give us "victory" over them! See الراغب!

¹²⁰ The word "Opener" here means the "Ruler," the "Decider," the "Determiner!"

people: indeed <i>en (if) ettaba'a (closely-followed)</i> you ^b <i>Shuaiban</i> , verily you ^b (are) then surely losers.	قَوْمِهِ لَبِنَ اتَّبَعْتُمْ شُعَيْبًا إِنَّكُمْ إِذَا لَخَسِرُونَ ﴿٤١﴾
91. Then took ^w them the <i>rajfata (Shudder-she^y / Tremor-she^y)</i> so they ^z became in their home ^w kneelers.	فَأَخَذَتْهُمُ الرَّجْفَةُ فَأَصْبَحُوا فِي دَارِهِمْ جُنُودًا ﴿٤٢﴾
92. Who ^r they ^z denied <i>Shuaiban</i> as if not flourished they ^z in it ^w ; who ^r they ^z denied <i>Shuaiban</i> were they the losers.	الَّذِينَ كَذَّبُوا شُعَيْبًا كَأَن لَّمْ يَغْنَوْا فِيهَا الَّذِينَ كَذَّبُوا شُعَيْبًا كَانُوا هُمُ الْخَاسِرِينَ ﴿٤٣﴾
93. Then [he] diverted <i>a'n(off)</i> them and said [he]: O, my people <i>laqad (verily, already and affirmatively)</i> I communicated (to) you ^z my Lord's messages ^w and I (<i>sincerely</i>)-counseled ¹²¹ for you ^b , so how can [I] grieve on a people, disbelievers.	فَتَوَلَّى عَنْهُمْ وَقَالَ يَاقَوْمِ لَقَدْ أَبْلَغْتُكُمْ رُسُلِي وَنَصَحْتُ لَكُمْ فَكَيْفَ ءَاسَىٰ عَلَىٰ قَوْمٍ كَافِرِينَ ﴿٤٤﴾
94. And not We sent in a village ^w of a prophet except We took its ^w people by the <i>ba'asa'e^{w122} (penury-tension)^w</i> and the <i>dharra'e^w (distress due to adversity)</i> <i>la'alla (craving currently unavailable deed that/perhaps)</i> them <i>yatadhrra'-aona (iteratively supplicate they^r)</i> .	وَمَا أَرْسَلْنَا فِي قَرْيَةٍ مِّن نَّبِيٍّ إِلَّا أَخَذْنَا أَهْلَهَا بِالْبَأْسَاءِ وَالضَّرَّاءِ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَضَّرَّعُونَ ﴿٤٥﴾
95. Afterwards We substituted the <i>sayyea'te's^w (demeritorious-deed's)^w</i> place (by) the <i>hasanata^w (meritorious-deed)^w</i> until they ^z waxed ¹²³ , and said they ^z : <i>qad (already and affirmatively)</i> touched/betided our fathers the adversity ^w and felicity ^w ; so We took them suddenly while they perceive not.	ثُمَّ بَدَّلْنَا مَكَانَ السَّيِّئَةِ الْحَسَنَةَ حَتَّىٰ عَفَوْا وَقَالُوا قَدْ مَسَّ ءَابَاءَنَا الضَّرَّاءُ وَالسَّرَّاءُ فَأَخَذْنَاهُمْ بَغْتَةً وَهُمْ لَا يَشْعُرُونَ ﴿٤٦﴾
96. And had surely the villages' ^w folks believed they ^z and <i>ettaqaw (they had reverentially guarded not to displease Allah)</i> surely We (<i>would have</i>) opened on them blessings ^{w124} from the Heaven ^w and the Earth ^w ; [and,] but they ^z denied, so We took them by what they ^z were earning.	وَلَوْ أَنَّ أَهْلَ الْقُرَىٰ ءَامَنُوا وَاتَّقَوْا لَفَتَحْنَا عَلَيْهِم بَرَكَاتٍ مِّنَ السَّمَاءِ وَالْأَرْضِ وَلَٰكِن كَذَّبُوا فَأَخَذْنَاهُم بِمَا كَانُوا يَكْسِبُونَ ﴿٤٧﴾
97. Have then ensured the villages' ^w folks to come (to) them Our <i>ba'aso (intense torment)</i> <i>bayatan (suddenly by night)</i> while they (are) sleepers/asleep.	أَفَأَمِنَ أَهْلُ الْقُرَىٰ أَن يَأْتِيَهُمْ بَأْسُنَا بَيَّتًا وَهُمْ نَائِمُونَ ﴿٤٨﴾
98. Or [and] had ensured the villages' ^w folks to <i>ya'ateya (betides/comes to)</i> them Our <i>Ba'aso (intense Torment-/Might)</i> by a forenoon while they (are) playing.	أَوْأَمِنَ أَهْلُ الْقُرَىٰ أَن يَأْتِيَهُمْ بَأْسُنَا ضُحًى وَهُمْ يُلْعَبُونَ ﴿٤٩﴾
99. Have then they ^z secured Allah's machination; so not secure Allah's machination except the people, the losers.	أَفَأَمِنُوا مَكْرَ اللَّهِ فَلَا يَأْمَنُ مَكْرَ اللَّهِ إِلَّا الْقَوْمُ الْخَاسِرُونَ ﴿٥٠﴾
100. Has [and] not (<i>it^x</i>) ¹²⁵ aright-guided for whom ^r they ^z inherit the Earth ^w from after its ^w folks that if ¹²⁶	أَوَلَمْ يَهْدِ لِلَّذِينَ يَرْتُوبُونَ الْأَرْضَ مِنْ بَعْدِ أَهْلِهَا أَن لَّوْ ذُشِّئَ

¹²¹ See *Lexicon* attached to this Translation!

¹²² The Arabic word “*ba'asa*” has several meanings: (1) tension due to penury (extreme need); (2) hardship; (3); hunger; (5) misery; (6) or may be the combination of all stated meanings, (1) through (6)! See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for more elaboration on this!

¹²³ That is in number and wealth!

¹²⁴ The word “*بركة*,” the plural of which is “*بركات*” meaning: “multitudinous goodness and worthiness!”

¹²⁵ The Arabic interrogative-castigatory particle “*أولم*” (implying negation) is made up of *three parts* (أ), (و), (لم) “*أولم*,” meaning: does *it*, referring to the *fact*, or *sound logic* of the evidence or clear situation. The (و) = (and) component is (و) of coupling which normally commences the sentence! However, because there is an

[We] will, betided them We by their offenses and [We] stamp ¹²⁷ on their hearts, so they hear not.	أَصَبَتْهُمْ بِذُنُوبِهِمْ وَنَطَعُمْ عَلَى قُلُوبِهِمْ فَهُمْ لَا يَسْمَعُونَ ﴿١٠١﴾
101. <i>Telka^w (she-that-afar-it^w/those^w) (are) the villages^w [We] narrate on you^g of their^w anba'e¹²⁸ (significant-and-availing-news); and laqad (verily/already and affirmatively) came^w (to) them their messengers^x by the evidences^w then they^z were not to believe they^z by what they^z denied of before; like tha'leka (that-afar-it/that) stamps¹²⁹ Allah on the disbelievers' hearts.</i>	تِلْكَ الْقُرَىٰ نَقُصُّ عَلَيْكَ مِنْ أَنْبَاءِهَا وَلَقَدْ جَاءَهُمْ رَسُولُهُمْ بِالْبَيِّنَاتِ فَمَا كَانُوا لِيُؤْمِنُوا بِمَا كَذَّبُوا مِنْ قَبْلُ كَذَلِكَ يَطْبَعُ اللَّهُ عَلَى قُلُوبِ الْكَافِرِينَ ﴿١٠٢﴾
102. And not We found for most (of) them of a covenant, and en (surely) We found most (of) them, surely fa'seeqeena ¹³⁰ (rebels-vis-à-vis Allah's command).	وَمَا وَجَدْنَا لِأَكْثَرِهِمْ مِنْ عَهْدٍ وَإِنْ وَجَدْنَا أَكْثَرَهُمْ لَفَاسِقِينَ ﴿١٠٣﴾
103. Afterwards We missioned ¹³¹ from after them Mosa (Moses) by Our Aya'te ^w (miracles/signs/proofs) to Pharaoh and his chiefs, then da'bera ¹³² (rear-most) by it ^w ; so let-look [you ^s]: how [was] the corruptors' consequence ^w .	ثُمَّ بَعَثْنَا مِنْ بَعْدِهِمْ مُوسَىٰ بِآيَاتِنَا إِلَىٰ فِرْعَوْنَ وَمَلَئِهِ فَظَلَمُوا بِهَا فَانْظُرْ كَيْفَ كَانَ عَاقِبَةُ الْمُفْسِدِينَ ﴿١٠٤﴾
104. And said Mosa (Moses): O, Pharaoh verily I am a messenger from the worlds' Lord.	وَقَالَ مُوسَىٰ يَفِرْعَوْنُ إِنِّي رَسُولٌ مِنْ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ ﴿١٠٥﴾
105. Befitting on me that not [I] say on Allah except the right; qad (already and affirmatively) I came (to) you ^z by an evidence ^w from your ⁿ Lord; so let-send [you ^s] with me Israel's sons.	حَقِيقٌ عَلَىٰ أَنْ لَا أَقُولَ عَلَى اللَّهِ إِلَّا الْحَقَّ قَدْ جِئْتُكُمْ بِبَيِّنَةٍ مِنْ رَبِّكُمْ فَأَرْسِلْ مَعِيَ بَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ ﴿١٠٦﴾
106. Said [he]: en (if) you ^g were come by an Aya'ten ^w (miracle/sign/proof) then eete (let-[you ^s] produce/come) by it ^w en you ^g were of the ssadeqeena (always-truth-enforcers).	قَالَ إِنْ كُنْتَ جِئْتَ بِآيَةٍ فَأْتِ بِهَا إِنْ كُنْتَ مِنَ الصَّادِقِينَ ﴿١٠٧﴾
107. So [he] threw his staff; then edha (suddenly/whereas) it ^w (was) a he-serpent manifest.	فَأَلْقَىٰ عَصَاهُ فَإِذَا هِيَ ثُعْبَانٌ مُبِينٌ ﴿١٠٨﴾
108. And [he] wrested his hand ^w ; then edha (suddenly/-whereas) it ^w (was) white for the beholders.	وَنَزَعَ يَدَهُ فَإِذَا هِيَ بَيْضَاءُ لِلنَّاظِرِينَ ﴿١٠٩﴾
109. Said the chiefs of Pharaoh's people: verily this (is) surely a magician omniscient.	قَالَ الْمَلَأُ مِنْ قَوْمِ فِرْعَوْنَ إِنَّ هَذَا لَسَاحِرٌ عَلِيمٌ ﴿١١٠﴾
110. [He] wants to exit you ^b from your ⁿ land ^w ; so what (is) that you ^z command.	يُرِيدُ أَنْ يَخْرُجَكُمْ مِنْ أَرْضِكُمْ فَمَاذَا تَأْمُرُونَ ﴿١١١﴾

interrogative particle which takes precedence for beginning a sentence! See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for more elaboration!

¹²⁶ The particle “لو” since it is a future-connected verb, probable to occur and not sure it's a present occurrence, such a “لو” amounts to “if” or “when!” See هشام! بمعنى اللبيب، ابن هشام!

¹²⁷ The expression: “stamp on their hearts” is an Arabic tongue expression meaning that if their heart were to be stamped, so their hearts would be sealed so that they understand not and nor comes out of them anything meritorious!

¹²⁸ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for “naba'a”

¹²⁹ Ibid, only regarding “stamp”

¹³⁰ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for this important word faseqoon and its grammatical inflections!

¹³¹ The word “بعث” in “بعثنا” carries several meanings, among them: sent, missioned, resurrected, awoken, and prompted!

¹³² The Qur'anic phrase: “Then (bad) been cut off last (of) the people” = “قطع دابر القوم” is yet another of the lofty Arabic tongue expressions, meaning uprooted the peoples' rear-most, i.e. the last person = دابر of such people!

111. Said they: ^z let-defer him [<i>you</i> ^s] and his brother and let-send [<i>you</i> ^s] in the cities <i>hashereena</i> ¹³³ (<i>crowd-gathering summoners</i>).	قَالُوا أَرْجِهْ وَأَخَاهُ وَأَرْسِلْ فِي الْمَدَائِنِ حَاشِرِينَ ﴿١١١﴾
112. <i>Yaateya</i> (<i>come</i>) they ^z (<i>to</i>) you ^s by every omniscient magician.	يَأْتُوكَ بِكُلِّ سِحْرِ عِلِيمٍ ﴿١١٢﴾
113. And came, the magicians (<i>to</i>) Pharaoh; said they ^z : verily for us surely remuneration, <i>en(if)</i> we were we the prevailers.	وَجَاءَ السَّحَرَةُ فِرْعَوْنَ قَالُوا إِنَّ لَنَا لَأَجْرًا إِن كُنَّا نَحْنُ الْغَالِبِينَ ﴿١١٣﴾
114. Said [<i>he</i>]: yes, and verily you ^b (<i>are</i>) indeed of the <i>mugarrabeena</i> (<i>ones brought nigh to me</i>).	قَالَ تَعْمَ وَإِنَّكُمْ لَمِنَ الْمُفَرِّينَ ﴿١١٤﴾
115. Said they: ^z O, <i>Mosa</i> (<i>Moses</i>) either that you ^s throw or that we be the throwers.	قَالُوا يَمُوسَىٰ إِمَّا أَنْ تُلْقَىٰ وَإِمَّا أَنْ نَكُونَ نَحْنُ الْمُلْقِينَ ﴿١١٥﴾
116. Said [<i>he</i>]: let-throw you ^z ; then <i>lamma</i> (<i>when/whence</i>) they ^z threw, they ^z bewitched the mankind's eyes ¹³⁴ and <i>istarhabo</i> ¹³⁵ (<i>they^z affirmably terrified</i>) them and came they ^z by a great magic.	قَالَ أَلْقُوا فَلَمَّا أَلْقَوْا سَحَرُوا أَعْيُنَ النَّاسِ وَاسْتَرْهَبُوهُمْ وَجَاءُوا بِسِحْرٍ عَظِيمٍ ﴿١١٦﴾
117. And We revealed ¹³⁶ to <i>Mosa</i> (<i>Moses</i>) that let-throw [<i>you</i> ^s] your ^t staff, so <i>edha</i> (<i>suddenly/whereas</i>) she engulfs what <i>ya'fekoona</i> (<i>they^z speciously-concoct</i>).	﴿١١٧﴾ وَأَوْحَيْنَا إِلَىٰ مُوسَىٰ أَنْ أَلْقِ عَصَاكَ فَلِذَا هِيَ تَلْقَفُ مَا يَأْفِكُونَ ﴿١١٨﴾
118. Then befell ¹³⁷ the right ^x and <i>battala</i> ¹³⁸ (<i>became invalid/ceased to hold</i>) what they ^z were working.	فَوْقَهُمَ الْحَقُّ وَيَطْلَلُ مَا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿١١٩﴾
119. So they ^z were worsted far-there, ¹³⁹ and they ^z transposed ¹⁴⁰ cringers.	فَغَلَبُوا هَٰذَا وَلِئَلَّامُ تَقْلَبُوا صَغِيرِينَ ﴿١٢٠﴾
120. And (<i>had been</i>) thrown the magicians <i>sa'jedeena</i> (<i>koutowing they^z</i>).	وَأَلْقَى السَّحَرَةُ سَجْدِينَ ﴿١٢١﴾
121. Said they ^z : we believed by the worlds' Lord.	قَالُوا ءَامَنَّا بِرَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ ﴿١٢٢﴾
122. Lord (<i>of</i>) <i>Mosa</i> (<i>Moses</i>) and <i>Haroona</i> (<i>Aaron</i>).	رَبِّ مُوسَىٰ وَهَارُونَ ﴿١٢٣﴾
123. Said Pharaoh:believed you ^c by Him/him before that [<i>I</i>] proclaim/permit for you ^z ; verily this (<i>is</i>) indeed a machination ^x you ^c machinated it ^x in the city, ^w to you ^z egress of it ^w its ^w folks; so will know you ^z .	قَالَ فِرْعَوْنُ ءَامَنْتُمْ بِهِ قَبْلَ أَنْ ءَاذَنَ لَكُمْ إِنَّ هَٰذَا لَمَكْرٌ مَّكْرْتُمْ فِي الْمَدِينَةِ لِتُخْرِجُوا مِنْهَا أَهْلَهَا فَسَوْفَ تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿١٢٤﴾

¹³³ The word “حاشرين” is plural, masculine, subjective noun, rooted in the word “حشر” meaning: gathered crowdedly! So, “حاشرين” summoners that gather the crowds! No English equivalent for “حاشرين”!

¹³⁴ What is to be noted here is the Qur’anic precise description of the fact that the magician did bewitch the eyes of the people, i.e. the facts of the physical reality remained unchanged but it appeared to the eyes of the beholders the great effect of the “make belief” of the magicians!

¹³⁵ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for the effect of the letter س when added to a word!

¹³⁶ The word “أوحى” denotes at least six diverse meanings, all for communicating: gestured, wrote, messaged, inspired, whispered, one cast to another (e.g.: a commanded)! And “الوحي” is fire or king! See اللسان!

¹³⁷ The Arabic text literally says “وَقَع” that is, fell from above descended down on every one and nullified the untruth.

¹³⁸ The Arabic word “batala”=“بطل” is intransitive past tense, for which there is no English equivalent, meaning it became invalid. [Like the word “fell,” in the preceding footnote, is intransitive].

¹³⁹ In Arabic the demonstrative noun: “هنا” “هناك” and “هناك” are used respectively for “here” (near), “there” (middle) and “far there (for the furthest)!” For the “بعيد”= “far,” i.e. neither the immediate and nor the middle but the far! In English there are only two aspects of demonstrative nouns: here and there!

¹⁴⁰ The word “انقلبوا”= “they^z transposed,” means they betook themselves becoming!

¹⁷⁵⁹ The “ل” in “لاقطين” and “لاصلين” are juratory “ل”= “القسم” amounting to= “التأكيد,” i.e. affirmation, expressed in both cases by “assuredly”

124. Assuredly *oqatte'a*¹⁴¹ ([I] *shall indeed recurrently cut*) off yourⁿ hands^w and feet^w from *kehlafen*¹⁴² (*opposite-sides*); afterwards surely *ossallebannakom* ([I] *shall recurrently crucify you*^b) wholes.

لَأَقْطِعَنَّ أَيْدِيَكُمْ وَأَرْجُلَكُمْ مِنْ خَلْفٍ ثُمَّ لَأَضْلِبَنَّكُمْ أَجْبَعِينَ

﴿١٢٤﴾

125. Said they^z: verily we (are) to our Lord (are) transposing¹⁴³.

قَالُوا إِنَّا إِلَىٰ رَبِّنَا مُنْقَلِبُونَ ﴿١٢٥﴾

126. And not [you^s] avenge¹⁴⁴ from us except that we believed by our Lord's *Aya'te*^w (*miracles/signs/proofs*) *lamma* (*when/whence*) it^w came^w (to) us; O, our Lord: *afregh* (*let-[You^s] descend/pour*) on us patience and *tawaffana* (*let-[You^s] receive us while dying*) (as) Muslims.

وَمَا تَنْقِمُ مِنَّا إِلَّا أَنْ بَعَثْنَا رَسُولًا إِلَىٰ رَبِّنَا فَجَاءَنَا بِمَا كُنَّا عَلَيْهِمْ مُّسْلِمِينَ

﴿١٢٦﴾

127. And said the chiefs from Pharaoh's people: do [you^s] leave *Mosa* (*Moses*) and his people to corrupt they^z in the land^w and [he] leaves you^s and your^t deities; said [he]: [we] shall *noqattelo* ([we] *iteratively kill*) their sons and affirmably let live¹⁴⁵ their women, and verily we (are) above them conquerors.

وَقَالَ الْمَلَأُ مِنْ قَوْمِ فِرْعَوْنَ أَتَنْذَرُ مُوسَىٰ وَقَوْمَهُ لِيُفْسِدُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ وَيَذَرَكَ وَآلِهَتِكَ قَالَ سَتَقْتُ أَبْنَاءَهُمْ وَنِسَاءَهُمْ وَإِنَّا فَوْقَهُمْ قَاهِرُونَ ﴿١٢٧﴾

128. Said *Mosa* (*Moses*) for his people: *ista'eno* (*let-you^s seek assistance*) by Allah and *issber* (*let-you^z hold on patiently*); verily the Earth^w (is) for Allah bequeaths it^w [He] (*for*) whom^p [He] wills of His *eba'de* (*worshippers/-submitters/slaves*) and the *aa'qebato* (*consequence*)^w (is) for the *muttaqeena* (*reverential guarders against Allah's displeasure*).

قَالَ مُوسَىٰ لِقَوْمِهِ اسْتَغِيثُوا بِاللهِ وَأَصْبِرُوا إِنَّ الْأَرْضَ لِلَّهِ يُورِثُهَا مَنْ يَشَاءُ مِنْ عِبَادِهِ وَالْعَاقِبَةُ لِلْمُتَّقِينَ ﴿١٢٨﴾

129. Said they^z: we (*had been*) annoyed from before that *ta'ateyna* ([you^s]: *come to/appear among us*) and from after what you^g came(to) us; said [he]: *asa* (*craving a deed beyond one's means that, may*) yourⁿ Lord perishes yourⁿ enemy and *yestakblefakum* ([He] *makes you^b vicegerents*) in the land^w; so [He] looks how you^z work.

قَالُوا أَوِذْنًا مِنْ قَبْلِ أَنْ تَأْتِيَنَا وَمِنْ بَعْدِ مَا جِئْتَنَا قَالَ عَسَىٰ رَبُّكُمْ أَنْ يُهْلِكَ عَدُوَّكُمْ وَيَسْتَخْلِفَكُمْ فِي الْأَرْضِ فَيَنْظُرَ كَيْفَ تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿١٢٩﴾

130. And *laqad* (*verily, already and affirmatively*) We took the Pharaoh's *aala* (*family, house, kin, chiefs, followers*) by the *seneena* (*famine and drought*) and a decrease of the *thamara'te*^w (*trees/plants/crops/fruits*)^w *la'alla* (*craving currently unavailable deed that, perhaps*) they *yadhdhakkaron* (*repetitively-remisce*).

وَلَقَدْ أَخَذْنَا آلَ فِرْعَوْنَ بِالسِّنِينَ وَنَقْصٍ مِنَ الثَّمَرَاتِ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَذْكُرُونَ ﴿١٣٠﴾

131. Then if came^w (to) them the *hasanato*^w (*meritorious-deed*)^w said they^z: for us this^w; and *en* (*when/if*) betided them *asayyeaton*^w (*demeritorious-deed*)^w forebode they^z by *Mosa* (*Moses*) and whom^p (*were*) with him. Indeed, verily only their omen (is) *enda* (*by Rule of*) Allah [and,] but most of them know not.

فَإِذَا جَاءَتْهُمْ الْحَسَنَةُ قَالُوا لَنَا هَذِهِ وَإِنْ تُصِيبْهُمْ سَيِّئَةٌ سَيَّئَةٌ يَطْفِرُوا بِمُوسَىٰ وَمَنْ مَعَهُ إِلَّا إِنَّمَا طَعِرْتُمْ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ وَلَكِنْ أَكْثَرُهُمْ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿١٣١﴾

¹⁴¹ The Arabic word is in the *intensive* form ("أَقْطِعَنَّ") so *recurrent* is here used to give this *intensity*.

¹⁴² From "opposite sides" for example: the *right hand and the left foot* or *the left hand and the right foot*!

¹⁴³ The word "تَقْلِبُهُمْ" = "their transpose," means their *betaking* themselves *uninhibitedly moving*!

¹⁴⁴ The word "تَنْقِمُ" in "تَنْقِمُوا" could mean: (1) *resented*, or (2) *avenged*, or (3) *disapproved* or *denied*! See *اللسان والراغب*!

¹⁴⁵ See the *Lexicon* attached to this *Translation* for the *effect* of the letter س when *added* to a word, as *استحيوا*!

132. And said they:^z surely whatever¹⁴⁶ *ta'ateena*^x ([you^s] produce/come to us) by it^x of an *Aya'ten*^w (miracle/sign/proof) to bewitch us by it^w then not we (are) for you^g surely believers.

وَقَالُوا مَهْمَا تَأْتِنَا بِهِ مِنْ آيَةٍ لِنَسْحَرَنَّ بِهَا فَمَا نَحْنُ لَكَ بِمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿١٣٢﴾

133. So We sent on them the flood^x and the locusts^x and the lice^x and the frogs^w and the blood^x *Aya'ten*^w (miracles/signs/proofs) (which had been made) expounders^w; then *istakbaro*¹⁴⁷ (they^z affirmed theirⁿ prideful haughtiness) and they^z were people criminals.

فَأَرْسَلْنَا عَلَيْهِمُ الطُّوفَانَ وَالْجَرَادَ وَالْقُمَّلَ وَالضَّفَادِعَ وَالْدَّمَ آيَاتٍ مُفَصَّلَاتٍ فَاسْتَكْبَرُوا وَكَانُوا قَوْمًا مُجْرِمِينَ ﴿١٣٣﴾

134. And *lamma* (when/whence) befell on them the *rejzo*¹⁴⁸ (successive: convulsive and perturbing torment) said they^z: O, *Mosa* (Moses) let-invoke [you^s] for us your^t Lord by what covenanted [He] *endaka* (with you^g/by you^g); indeed *en*(if) doffed you^g *a'n*(off) us the *rejza* (= *rejzo*), surely assuredly¹⁴⁹ we believe for you^g and surely assuredly we send with you^g Israel's sons.

وَلَمَّا وَقَعَ عَلَيْهِمُ الرِّجْزُ قَالُوا يَمُوسَى اادْعُ لَنَا رَبَّكَ بِمَا عَهِدَ عِنْدَكَ لِئَرْبُكَ كَشَفْتُ عَنَّا الرِّجْزَ لِنُؤْمِنَ لَكَ وَلِتُرْسِلَنَّ مَعَكَ بَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ ﴿١٣٤﴾

135. Then when We doffed *a'n* (off) them the *rejza*¹⁵⁰ (successive: convulsive and perturbing torment) to *ajalen*¹⁵¹ (term-limit)^x they (are) *ba'legbo* (ones reaching) it^x *edha* (suddenly/whereas) they *yankothona* (they^z infract/infringe).

فَلَمَّا كَشَفْنَا عَنْهُمْ الرِّجْزَ إِلَى أَجَلٍ هُمْ بَلَغُوهُ إِذَا هُمْ يَنْكُتُونَ ﴿١٣٥﴾

136. So We revenged from them, so We drowned them in the *yamme* (deep and extended body of salty or sweet water) because surely they^z denied by Our *Aya'te*^w (miracles/signs/proofs) and they^z were *a'n* (regarding) it^w neglectors.

فَانْتَقَمْنَا مِنْهُمْ فَأَغْرَقْنَاهُمْ فِي الْيَمِّ بِأَنَّهُمْ كَذَّبُوا بِآيَاتِنَا وَكَانُوا عَنْهَا غَافِلِينَ ﴿١٣٦﴾

137. And We bequeathed the people whom^f they^z were *youstadha'fona*¹⁵² (being deemed weaklings they^z), the land's^w *mashareqa*^x (sunrise's loci)^x and its^w *maghreba*^x (sunset's loci)^x which^u We blessed in it^w; and concluded^w your^t Lord's word^w the *husna*^w (all around most beautiful/excellent-result)^{w153} on Israel's sons by what *ssabara* (had held on patiently) they^z and We destroyed what was *yassna'o* (carefully crafting) Pharaoh and his people and what they^z were trellising.

وَأَوْرَثْنَا الْقَوْمَ الَّذِينَ كَانُوا يُسْتَضْعَفُونَ مَشْرِقَ الْأَرْضِ وَمَغْرِبَهَا الَّتِي بَرَكْنَا فِيهَا وَتَمَّتْ كَلِمَتُ رَبِّكَ الْحُسْنَىٰ عَلَىٰ بَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ بِمَا صَبَرُوا وَدَمَرْنَا مَا كَانَ يَصْنَعُ فِرْعَوْنُ وَقَوْمُهُ وَمَا كَانُوا يَعْرِشُونَ ﴿١٣٧﴾

138. And We (caused to) pass-over by Israel's sons the

وَجَوَزْنَا بِبَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ الْبَحْرَ

¹⁴⁶ There was a raging controversy around word "مهما". Some were saying it is made up of (a) "مه ما" where the "مه" for silencing, and "ما" the article of surety! And others say that "مهما" is really made up of (b) "إما ما". The case was finally settled in favor of (b), as led by سيبويه and other linguists, who maintained that the article "إمهما" is conditional article, made up of "إما ما". The first "ما" is for punishment and the second for surety! But to prevent the meeting of two similar letters the "ل" in the first "ما" was changed to a "ه", leaving the second "ما" of surety intact!

¹⁴⁷ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for the effect of the letter س when added to a word!!

¹⁴⁸ The word "رَجْز" has several meaning, successive: convulsive and perturbing torment! Also it includes Satan's whisper, sin, offense, and idol or worship of idols! See اللسان!

¹⁴⁹ The "ل" in "النؤمنن" and "النرسلن" are juratory "ل" = "القسم" amounting to = "التأكيد", i.e. affirmation, expressed in both case by "assuredly"

¹⁵⁰ Ibid!

¹⁵¹ The word "الأجل" means term-limit, see اللسان!

¹⁵² See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for the effect of the letter س when added to a word!!

¹⁵³ The word "الحسنى" by itself, i.e. not in the sense of "prefix or postfix annexation" (مضاف أو مضاف إليه), in The Qur'an almost always means "Paradise," except in a few cases where it could mean: (1) excellent-attribute, (2) excellent-result, all around most beautiful! Perhaps in this great Ayah, "excellent-result" is one of those cases! As Israel's sons had inherited all that Pharaoh and his people possessed after the Pharaoh and his people were drowned!

sea, then *ata* (*hap*) they^z on a people *ya'akefoona* (*devoting/ dedicating themselves as anchorites they*^z) on idols for them; they^z said: O, *Mosa* (*Moses*) let-make [*you*^s] for us an *elahan* (*a deity*) as what (*is*) for them *alehaton* (*deities*); said [*he*]: verily you^b (*are*) people *tajhaloona*¹⁵⁴ (*you*^z act ignorantly/ incorrectly).

139. Verily these *mutabbaron* (*is ruinate/ damaging*) what they (*are*) in [*it*^x] and a falsehood^x (*is*) what they^z were working.

140. Said [*he*]: do other than Allah *abgbey* ([*I*] earnestly-quest) you^b *elahan* (*deity*); while He favored/preferred you^b over the worlds¹⁵⁵.

141. And *edh* (*when/ since*) We delivered you^b from Pharaoh's *aal'e* (*family/ house/ kin/ chiefs/ followers*), they^z afflict you^z the ill torment, *youqattelona* (*iteratively slaughtering they*^z) yourⁿ sons and *yastab'youna*¹⁵⁶ (*they*^z affirmably-let-live) yourⁿ women, and in *thalekum* (*he-afar-collective-you/ that*) (*is*) a great essay from yourⁿ Lord.

142. And We promised *Mosa* (*Moses*) thirty nights^w and concluded it^w by ten, so concluded his Lord's appointment forty nights^w; and said *Mosa* (*Moses*) for his brother *Haroon* (*Aaron*): let-succeed me [*you*^s] in my people and let-reconcile [*you*^s] and let-not *tattabe'a* (*closely-followed[you*^s]) the corrupters' path.

143. And *lamma* (*when/ whence*) came *Mosa* (*Moses*) for Our appointment and spoken to him his Lord, said [*he*]: my Lord, let-show me [*You*^s], I look to You.^g Said [*He*]: never [*you*^s] see Me; [and,] but let-look [*you*^s] at the mountain^x so *en(if)* [*it*^x] stayed-put in its^x place, then [*you*^s] will see Me; so *lamma* manifested his Lord for the mountain^x [*He*] made it^x *dakkan* (*razed-smooth-even*); and tumbled *Mosa* (*Moses*) faintly; then *lamma* [*he*] regained consciousness said [*he*]: *subhana*¹⁵⁷ (*hallowedly and marvelously we deem You*^g transcending all defects and we solemnly stand in awe and utmost consecration of) You^g I repented to You^g and I am first, (*of*) the believers.

فَاتَوَا عَلَيَّ قَوْمٍ يَعْكُفُونَ عَلَى
أَصْنَامِهِمْ قَالُوا يَمُوسَى
أَجْعَلْ لَنَا إِلَهًا كَمَا لَهُمْ آلِهَةٌ
قَالَ إِنَّكُمْ قَوْمٌ تَجْهَلُونَ

إِنْ هَتُّوْا لَكُمْ مُتَبَرِّمًا هُمْ فِيهِ وَبَطِلٌ
كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ

قَالَ أَغَيْرَ اللَّهِ أَبْغِيكُمْ إِلَهًا وَهُوَ
فَضْلُكُمْ عَلَى الْعَالَمِينَ

وَإِذْ أَخَيْنَاكُمْ مِنْ آلِ فِرْعَوْنَ
يَسُومُونَكُمْ سُوءَ الْعَذَابِ
يُقْتَلُونَ أَبْنَاءَكُمْ وَيَسْتَحْيُونَ
نِسَاءَكُمْ وَفِي ذَلِكَ بَلَاءٌ مِنْ
رَبِّكُمْ عَظِيمٌ

وَوَعَدْنَا مُوسَى ثَلَاثِينَ لَيْلَةً
وَأَتَمَمْنَاهَا بِعَشْرَةٍ مِيقَاتِ رَبِّهِ
أَرْبَعِينَ لَيْلَةً وَقَالَ مُوسَى لِأَخِيهِ
هَارُونَ أَخْلِفْنِي فِي قَوْمِي وَأَصْلِحْ
وَلَا تَتَّبِعْ سَبِيلَ الْمُفْسِدِينَ

وَلَمَّا جَاءَ مُوسَى لِمِيقَاتِنَا
وَكَلَّمَهُ رَبُّهُ قَالَ رَبِّ أَرِنِي أَنْظُرْ
إِلَيْكَ قَالَ لَنْ نَرِيكَ وَلَكِنْ أَنْظُرْ
إِلَى الْجَبَلِ فَإِنْ اسْتَقَرَّ مَكَانَهُ
فَسَوْفَ تَرَانِي فَلَمَّا تَجَلَّى رَبُّهُ
لِلْجَبَلِ جَعَلَهُ دَكًّا وَخَرَّ
مُوسَى صَعِقًا فَلَمَّا أَفَاقَ قَالَ
سُبْحَنَكَ ثَبْتُ إِلَيْكَ وَأَنَا أَوَّلُ
الْمُؤْمِنِينَ

¹⁵⁴ The word “تَجْهَلُونَ”=“*tajhaloon*” is rooted in “جَهْلٌ” meaning: (1) was ignorant of, (2) believed in some thing contrary to reality, (3) did some thing not correct!

¹⁵⁵ Qur'an commentators say that is *of their time*; i.e. this preference is with respect to people of their time!

¹⁵⁶ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for the effect of the letter س when added to a word!

¹⁵⁷ The word “*subhanaka*”=“سُبْحَانَكَ” has no English equivalent! Wherever this word, or its grammatical inflections (such as “سُبْحَانَ” or “سُبْحَانَهُ”) occur all are associated with the divine uniqueness of Allah, doing stupendous work that Allah and Allah alone can do, thus hallowedly and marvelously deemed transcending all defects He, and all solemnly stand in awe and utmost consecration of Him, deserving the utmost solemn consecration of His divine stupendous uniqueness! So, we can render “*subhanaka*”=“سُبْحَانَكَ” concept by saying: hallowedly and marvelously deemed transcending all defects He, and all solemnly stand in awe and utmost consecration of Allah!

144. Said [He]: O, Mosa (Moses) verily I *isstaafayto*¹⁵⁸ (I superlatively and exclusively selected) you^g over the mankind by My messages^w and by My speech^x So let-take [you^s] what *atayto* (I accorded) you^g and let-[you^s] be^x of the thankers.

145. And We wrote for him in the tablets of everything an exhortation^w and an expounding^x for everything;^x so let-take [you^s] it^w by a strength^w; and let-command[you^s] your^t people(to) take they^z by its^w *ahsa'ne*¹⁵⁹ (perfecter and beautifuler); [I] shall show you^b home^w (of) the *faseeqeena*¹⁶⁰ (rebels-vis-à-vis Allah's command).

146. [I] shall avert a'n (off) My *Aya'te*^w (messages/ signs/ proofs) who^r *yatakabbaroon*¹⁶¹ (they^z who practice pridefullness) in the Earth^w by other than the right; and *en* (if) they^z see every *Aya'ten*^w (singular of *Aya'e*^w), they^z believe not by it;^w and *en* they^z see path^x (of) the *rosh'de*¹⁶² (maturity discernment and adherence to the right) not *yattakbetho* (they take-and-make) it^x (for) a path;^x and *en* they^z see path^x (of) the *ghayye*¹⁶³ (misguidance-/ straying because of fallacious belief resulting in disappointment) *yattasketho* it^x (for) a path^x; *tha'leka* (that-afar-it/ that) (is) because that they^z denied by Our *Aya'te*^w and they were off it^w neglectors.

147. And who:^r they^z denied by Our *Aya'te*^w (messages, signs, proofs) and the Hereafter's^w *lega'a* (meeting) miscarried^w their works. Are they^z (to be) requited except (for) what they^z were working.

148. And *ittakbatho*¹⁶⁴ (took and presumed) Mosa's (Moses') people from after him of their ornaments a calf, *jasadan*^{x165} (tinged-physique) for it^x a low; have they^z not seen that it^x neither speaks (to) them, nor [it^x] aright-guides them a path; *ittakbatho* (they took-and-presumed) it^x (a deity) and they^z were *dha'lemeena*¹⁶⁶ (injustice-doers).

قَالَ يَمُوسَىٰ إِنِّي اصْطَفَيْتُكَ
عَلَى النَّاسِ بِرِسَالَتِي وَبِكَلِمَتِي
فَخُذْ مَا آتَيْتُكَ وَكُن مَنِ
الشَّاكِرِينَ ﴿١٤٤﴾

وَكَتَبْنَا لَهُ فِي الْأَلْوَاحِ مِنْ
كُلِّ شَيْءٍ مَوْعِظَةً وَتَفْصِيلًا
لِّكُلِّ شَيْءٍ فَخُذْهَا بِقُوَّةٍ وَأْمُرْ
قَوْمَكَ يَاخُذُوا بِأَحْسَنِهَا
سَأُزَيِّدُكُمْ دَارَ الْفَسْقِينَ ﴿١٤٥﴾

سَأَصْرِفُ عَنْ آيَتِيَ الَّذِينَ
يَتَكَبَّرُونَ فِي الْأَرْضِ بِغَيْرِ
الْحَقِّ وَإِنْ يَرَوْا كُلَّ آيَةٍ لَا
يُؤْمِنُوهَا وَإِنْ يَرَوْا سَبِيلَ الرُّشْدِ
لَا يَتَّخِذُوهُ سَبِيلًا وَإِنْ يَرَوْا
سَبِيلَ الْغِيِّ يَتَّخِذُوهُ سَبِيلًا
ذَٰلِكَ بِأَنَّهُمْ كَذَّبُوا بِآيَاتِنَا وَكَانُوا
عَنْهَا غَافِلِينَ ﴿١٤٦﴾

وَالَّذِينَ كَذَّبُوا بِآيَاتِنَا وَلِقَاءِ
الْآخِرَةِ حَبِطَتْ أَعْمَالُهُمْ هَلْ
يُجْزَوْنَ إِلَّا مَا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿١٤٧﴾

وَاتَّخَذَ قَوْمُ مُوسَىٰ مِنْ بَعْدِهِ مِنْ
حُلِيِّهِمْ عِجْلًا جَسَدًا لَهُ خُورٌ أَلْمُ
يَرَوْا أَنَّهُ لَا يُكَلِّمُهُمْ وَلَا يَهْدِيهِمْ
سَبِيلًا اتَّخَذُوهُ وَكَانُوا
ظَالِمِينَ ﴿١٤٨﴾

¹⁵⁸ See the *Lexicon* to this Translation for elaboration and some specific examples! The word “اصطفى” means: selected the best from among other similars! The word is a transitive verb by (a) itself or (b) with the prepositional letter “على” In the case of (a) it could include more than a single element! In the case of (a) “الإصطفاء” is for superlative selection (i.e. taken the best of the bests) for: a mission, preference, or bestowment of a privilege over the entity subject of “الإصطفاء” In the case of (b) the subject of “الإصطفاء” is exclusive, either because of the make-up or one or more characteristics for such exclusivity!

¹⁵⁹ There is no English word for أحسن = *absane*! Both words perfecter and beautifuler are in their adjective sense!

¹⁶⁰ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for this important word *faseeqoon* and its grammatical inflections!

¹⁶¹ The word “yatakabbaroon” = “يتكبرون” does not have an exact English equivalent *per se*! It is a present/future tense addressing addressees: they^z stand haughtily above submission. Hence, we transliterate and parenthetically explain!

¹⁶² See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for explanation and elaboration on this word, under “*rushdo*”

¹⁶³ The word “الغي” = “الضلال المبني على اعتقاد فاسد نتج عنه خيبة” that is the misguidance/straying because of a fallacious belief resulting in a disappointment! See الراغب and اللسان!

¹⁶⁴ The word “اتخذ” from “الإتخاذ” which is “إفتعال” for “الاتخاذ” as stated in لسان العرب; therefore, “اتخذ” is always taking and making and presuming some-thing about what was taken! Thus, it is not just the mere taking!

¹⁶⁵ The word “جسدا” = a tinged-physique versus “body” be it tinged (colored) or not! See الراغب!

¹⁶⁶ The “ظالمين” = “the injustice-doer,” as “الظلم” = “injustice!” See footnote 148 below!

149. And *lamma* (when/whence) (had been) fallen in their hands¹⁶⁷ and saw they^z that *qad* (already and affirmatively) strayed they^z said they^z: indeeden (if) not *yarham* (mercy-gave) us our Lord and [He] forgives [for] us, surely we assuredly¹⁶⁸ be of the losers.

وَلَمَّا سُقِطَ فِي أَيْدِيهِمْ وَرَأَوْا أَنَّهُمْ
قَدْ ضَلُّوا قَالُوا لَئِنْ لَمْ يَرْحَمْنَا
رَبُّنَا وَيَغْفِرْ لَنَا لَنَكُونَنَّ مِنَ
الْخَاسِرِينَ ﴿١٤٩﴾

150. And *lamma* (when/whence) returned *Mosa* (Moses) to his people angrily, sorrowfully, said [he]: wretched what succeeded me you^z from after me; have you^c hastened yourⁿ Lord's command; and [he] threw the tablets and [he] took by head^x of his brother pulling it^x to him. Said [he]: my mother's son, verily the people *istadh'afoney*¹⁶⁹ (they^z deemed me a weakling) and *kado* (they^z nighed/verged/almost) killing me they^z; so let-not [you^s] (have)-schadenfreude¹⁷⁰ by me the foes and let-[you^s] not make me with the people, the *dha'lemeena*¹⁷¹ (injustice-doers).

وَلَمَّا رَجَعَ مُوسَىٰ إِلَىٰ قَوْمِهِ
غَضِبْنَ أَسْفًا قَالَ بِئْسَمَا
خَلَفْتُمُونِي مِنْ بَعْدِي أَعَجِلْتُمْ أَمْرَ
رَبِّكُمْ وَأَلْقَى الْأَلْوَاحَ وَأَخَذَ بِرَأْسِ
أَخِيهِ هَارُونَ إِلَيْهِ قَالَ ابْنَ أُمَّ إِنَّ
الْقَوْمَ اسْتَزَعَفُونِي وَكَادُوا
يَقْتُلُونَنِي فَلَا تُشْمِتْ بِيَ الْأَعْدَاءَ
وَلَا تَجْعَلْنِي مَعَ الْقَوْمِ الظَّالِمِينَ ﴿١٥٠﴾

151. Said [he]: my Lord, let-forgive [You^s] for me and for my brother and let-admit us [You^s] in Your^t mercy^w and You^s (are) *arhamo* (most merciful) of the *raheemeena* (mercy-givers).

قَالَ رَبِّ اغْفِرْ لِي وَلِأَخِي
وَادْخُلْنَا فِي رَحْمَتِكَ وَأَنْتَ أَرْحَمُ
الرَّاحِمِينَ ﴿١٥١﴾

152. Verily who^r *ettakhatho*¹⁷² (they took and made) the calf (deity), shall attain them a wrath^x from their Lord and ignominy^w in the life^w (of) the world^w and like *tha'leka* (that-afar-it/that) [We] requite the *mufta'reena* (crafters of lies for fraudulent end).

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ اتَّخَذُوا الْعِجْلَ
سَيَنَالُهُمْ غَضَبٌ مِّن رَّبِّهِمْ وَذِلَّةٌ
فِي الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا وَكَذَلِكَ
نَجْزِي الْمُفْتَرِينَ ﴿١٥٢﴾

153. And who^t they^t worked the *sayye'aa'te*^w (demeritorious-deeds)^w after-wards repented they^z from after it^w and they^z believed, verily your^t Lord from after it^w (is) surely *Ghafooron* (iterative Forgiver), *Raheemon* (iterative mercy Giver).

وَالَّذِينَ عَمِلُوا السَّيِّئَاتِ ثُمَّ تَابُوا
مِنْ بَعْدِهَا وَآمَنُوا إِنَّ رَبَّكَ مِنْ
بَعْدِهَا لَغَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ ﴿١٥٣﴾

154. And *lamma* (when/whence) stilled¹⁷³ a'n (off) *Mosa* (Moses) the wrath^x [he] took the tablets^w and in its^w inscription^w an a-right-guidance^x and a mercy^w for whom^r they (are) for their Lord dread they^z.

وَلَمَّا سَكَتَ عَن مُّوسَى الْغَضَبُ
أَخَذَ الْأَلْوَاحَ وَفِي نُسْخَتِهَا هُدًى
وَرَحْمَةً لِلَّذِينَ هُمْ لِرَبِّهِمْ يَرْهَبُونَ ﴿١٥٤﴾

155. And chose *Mosa* (Moses) (of) his people seventy men for Our appointment; then *lamma* (when/whence) took^w them the *rajfato* (*Shudder-she*^z / *Tremor-she*^z), said

وَأَخْتَارَ مُوسَىٰ قَوْمَهُ سَبْعِينَ
رَجُلًا لِّمِيقَتِنَا فَلَمَّا أَخَذَتْهُمُ

¹⁶⁷ The Qur'anic phrase: "And when (had been) fallen in their hands" is an Arabic *tongue* expression meaning they were filled with sorrow and regret for some failure(s)! That is because when a person feels very sorry, he drops his head into his hand or hands and may even bite the hand in regret. So, the expression came to pass.

¹⁶⁸ The "ل" in "لَنَكُونَنَّ" is a juratory "ل" = "القسم" amounting to = "التأكيد", i.e. affirmation, expressed by "assuredly!"

¹⁶⁹ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for the effect of the letter س when added to a word!

¹⁷⁰ The Arabic verb "تَشْمِتُ" is present tense of "شَمِتَ" meaning to gloat/derive joy out of others' misfortune! But in English there is no verb for the Germanic rooted word *schadenfreude*! Hence, we resorted to this kind of round about way of making a verb-construction of the word by preceding it with "have!"

¹⁷¹ The "ظالمين" = "the injustice-doer," as "الظلم" = "injustice!" See footnote 148 below!

¹⁷² The word "اتَّخَذَ" from "الِاتِّخَاذَ" which is "اِفْتَعَالٌ" for "الِاتِّخَاذَ" as stated in *لسان العرب*; therefore, "اتَّخَذَ" is always taking and presuming some-thing about what was taken! Thus, it is not just the mere taking!

¹⁷³ It is remarkable to note here that the Qur'anic term "سَكَتَ" = "stilled," (in the intransitive mode) as if the "wrath" came to a silence! In other words, rather than to say when Moses subdued his wrath!

[he]: my Lord had You^g willed You^g (*could have*) perished them from before and *eyyaya*¹⁷⁴ (*indeed including me*); do [You^s] perish us by what did the mooncalves of us; *en* (*not*) it^w except Your^t essay^w [You^s] mislead by it^w whom^p [You^s] will and aright-guide whom^p [You^s] will; You^s (*are*) our *Wa'leyo* (*Guardian/Ally*), so let-forgive[You^s] for us and *erham* (*let-[You^s]mercy-give*) us, and You^s (*are*) *khayro* (*choicer/worthier*) (*of*) the *Ghafereena* (*forgiveness Givers*).

156. And let-write [You^s] for us in this^w world^w a *hasanatan*^w (*meritorious-deed*)^w and in the Hereafter^w; verily we *hudna*¹⁷⁵ (*we had adopted the Jewish "law"/customs/-repented*) to You^g; said[He]: My torment^x [I] betide by it^x whom^p [I] will and My mercy^w expanded-she^{y176} (*to include*) every-thing, [I] shall write it^w for whom^r *yattaqoona* (*they reverentially guard not to displease Allah*) and *youatona* (*they^z accord and fulfill the obligations of*) the *Zakata*^{w177} (*prescribed percentage of personal possessions*)^w and who^r they by Our *Aya'te*^w (*messages/signs/proofs*) they^z believe.

157. Who^r *yatta'beo* (*closely-follow*) they^z the messenger, the prophet the *ommey*¹⁷⁸ (*he who is unlettered*) whom^x they^z find him written *enda* (*with, in books with*) them in the Torah^w and the *Enjeel*^x (*Euangelion/Gospel*); [He] commands them by the *ma'aroofen* (*popularly acceptable and not Sharey'ah disapproved maxim*) and [he] forbids them *a'n* (*regarding*) the *munkar* (*rationaly unacceptable and Sharey'ah illegitimate*) and [he] legitimizes for them the goodies^{w179} and [he] illegitimizes on them the *khaba'etha*¹⁸⁰ (*wicked/ill-natured*) and *yadha'o* (*he relieves/spares*) *a'n* (*off*) them their *isra*¹⁸¹ (*severe, personal, and most burdensome obligation*) and the shackles which^u were-she^y on them; so who^r they^z believed by him and deferentially-supported¹⁸² him and they^z succored him and they^z closely followed the illumination^x which^x (*had been*) descended with him, those they (*are*) the thrivers.

158. Let-say [you^s]: O, you the mankind; verily I am Allah's messenger to you^b together; Who for Him (*is*) the Heavens'^w and the Earth's^w proprietorship,

الرَّجَفَةُ قَالَ رَبِّ لَوْ شِئْتَ أَهْلَكْتَهُم مِّن قَبْلِ وَأَيَّيْ أَهْلَكْنَا بِمَا فَعَلَ السُّفَهَاءُ مِنَّا إِنْ هِيَ إِلَّا فِتْنَتُكَ تُضِلُّ بِهَا مَن تَشَاءُ وَتَهْدِي مَن تَشَاءُ أَنْتَ وَلِيُّنَا فَاغْفِرْ لَنَا وَارْحَمْنَا وَأَنْتَ خَيْرُ الْغَافِرِينَ ﴿١٥٦﴾

وَاكْتُبْ لَنَا فِي هَذِهِ الدُّنْيَا حَسَنَةً وَفِي الْآخِرَةِ إِنَّا هُدْنَا إِلَيْكَ قَالَ عَذَابِي أُصِيبُ بِهِ مَن أَشَاءُ وَرَحْمَتِي وَسِعَتْ كُلَّ شَيْءٍ فَسَأَكْتُبُ لِّلَّذِينَ يَتَّقُونَ وَيُؤْتُونَ الزَّكَاةَ وَالَّذِينَ هُمْ

بِعَايَتِنَا يُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿١٥٧﴾ الَّذِينَ يَتَّبِعُونَ الرَّسُولَ النَّبِيَّ الْأُمِّيَّ الَّذِي يَجِدُونَهُ مَكْتُوبًا عِنْدَهُمْ فِي التَّوْرَةِ وَالْإِنْجِيلِ يَأْمُرُهُم بِالْمَعْرُوفِ وَيَنْهَاهُمْ عَنِ الْمُنْكَرِ وَيُحِلُّ لَهُمُ الطَّيِّبَاتِ وَيُحَرِّمُ عَلَيْهِمُ الْخَبَائِثَ وَيَضَعُ عَنْهُمْ إِصْرَهُمْ وَالْأَغْلَالَ الَّتِي كَانَتْ عَلَيْهِمْ فَالَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا بِهِ وَعَزَّرُوهُ وَنَصَرُوهُ وَاتَّبَعُوا النُّورَ الَّذِي أُنْزِلَ مَعَهُ ۚ أُولَٰئِكَ هُمُ الْمُفْلِحُونَ ﴿١٥٨﴾

قُلْ يَتَّيِّهَا النَّاسُ إِلَى رَسُولُ اللَّهِ إِلَيْكُمْ جَمِيعًا الَّذِي لَهُ مُلْكُ

¹⁷⁴ The word "إِيَّاي" = "أداة توكيد لضمير منصوب" = an article of *intensity* for an *objective pronoun*!

¹⁷⁵ The word "*hudna*" has *three distinct* Arabic meanings: (1) returned to the truth; (2) returned and *repented*; (3) entered into the "*lam*" (religion) of the Jews and adopted the Jewish customs. It is interesting that the Hebrew language does not have a word for "*religion*" *per se*, that is why they say: "*lam*," that is they say the *Mosaic Law*, instead of *Mosaic religion*!

¹⁷⁶ The word "وسعت" = "Expanded" means *is already broadened* to contain/include!

¹⁷⁷ See the *Lexicon* attached to this *Translation* for what exactly the *Zakah* is and its *implications*!

¹⁷⁸ The word "أمي" = "unlettered!" In English "*unlettered*" is an *adjective*, so *no plural* for it! So, I resort to *transliteration* and *parenthetical explanation*!

¹⁷⁹ The word "طيبات" = "goodies" = "goodies," = a *feminine gender* means any thing *delectable and legitimate*!

¹⁸⁰ The *wicked and ill-natured*!

¹⁸¹ See the *Lexicon* attached to this *Translation* for this is very important word.

¹⁸² The word "عزروه" in "عزروه" = *النصرة مع التعظيم*, i.e. *deferential support*! See *الراغب*!

no an *elaha* (a deity) except Him; [He] quickens and [He] deadens¹⁸³; so let-believe you^z by Allah and His messenger^x, the prophet^x the *omme*¹⁸⁴ (he who is unlettered), who^x believes [he] by Allah and His words^w and *ettabe'o* (let-closely follow) him you^z *la'alla* (craving currently unavailable deed that/perhaps) you^b *tahtadona* (you^z find and accept the aright-guidance).

159. And of Mosa's (Moses) people an *ummaton*^w (community)^w they^z aright-guide by the right^x and by it^x *yaa'deloona* (they^z equalize/ render-justice).

160. And *qatta'a* (recurrently cut) them We twelve *asbattan* (Jewish tribes)¹⁸⁵ *Umaman*^w (communities)^w and We revealed¹⁸⁶ to Mosa (Moses) *edh* (when/ since) his people *istasghabo*¹⁸⁷ (sought him water availability), that let-strike [you^s] with your^t staff the stone^x then *enba'jasat* (gushed through narrow vent) from it^x twelve wells,^w *qad* (already and affirmatively) knew each people their *masbraba*^x (drinking-place)^x and We over-shadowed the clouds over them and We descended on them the *Manna*¹⁸⁸ and the quails; let-eat you^z from goodies^{w189} (of) what We provided youⁱ and they^z wronged¹⁹⁰ Us not, [and,] but they^z were wronging (to) themselves.

161. And *edh* (when) (had been) said for them: let-dwell you^z this^w the village^w and let-eat you^z from it^w whence you^z willed, and let-say you^z *bittaton*^{w191} (may Allah remove our sins from our shoulders)^w and let-enter you^z the door (in) kowtowing (manner)¹⁹² [We] forgive for you^b yourⁿ offenses^w/inequities^{w193} and [We] shall augment the benefactors.

162. Then substituted who^r *dhalamo*¹⁹⁴ (they^z wronged to) them a say other than which^x (had been) said for them, so We sent on them *rejzan*¹⁹⁵ (successive:

الْأَسْمَانِ وَالْأَرْضِ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ يُحْيِي وَيُمِيتُ فَآمِنُوا بِاللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ النَّبِيِّ الْأُمِّيِّ الَّذِي يُؤْمِرُ بِاللَّهِ وَكَلِمَتِهِ وَاتَّبِعُوهُ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَهْتَدُونَ ﴿١٥٩﴾

وَمِنْ قَوْمِ مُوسَى أُمَّةٌ يَهْدُونَ بِالْحَقِّ وَبِهِ يَعْدِلُونَ ﴿١٦٠﴾

وَقَطَّعْنَهُمْ اثْنَتَيْ عَشْرَةَ أَسْبَاطًا أُمَمًا وَأَوْحَيْنَا إِلَى مُوسَى إِذِ اسْتَسْقَاهُ قَوْمُهُ أَنْ أَضْرِبَ بِعَصَاكَ الْحَجَرَ فَانْبَجَسَتْ مِنْهُ اثْنَتَا عَشْرَةَ عَيْنًا قَدْ عَلِمَ كُلُّ أُنَاسٍ مَشْرِبَهُمْ وَظَلَّلْنَا عَلَيْهِمُ الْغَمَمَ وَأَنْزَلْنَا عَلَيْهِمُ الْمَنَّاءَ وَالسَّلَوى كُلُوا مِنْ طَيِّبَاتِ مَا رَزَقْنَاكُمْ وَمَا ظَلَمُونَا وَلَكِنْ كَانُوا أَنْفُسَهُمْ يَظْلِمُونَ ﴿١٦١﴾

وَإِذْ قِيلَ لَهُمْ اسْكُنُوا هَذِهِ الْقَرْيَةَ وَكُلُوا مِنْهَا حَيْثُ شِئْتُمْ وَقُولُوا حِطَّةٌ وَادْخُلُوا الْبَابَ سُجَّدًا نَغْفِرْ لَكُمْ خَطِيئَتَكُمْ سَنَزِيدُ الْمُحْسِنِينَ ﴿١٦٢﴾

فَبَدَّلَ الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا مِنْهُمْ قَوْلًا غَيْرَ الَّذِي قِيلَ لَهُمْ فَأَرْسَلْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ رِجْزًا مِنْ السَّمَاءِ بِمَا

¹⁸³ The word “يُمِيتُ” in “يُمِيتُ” is the transitive verb to deprive of life! See Merriam Webster's Unabridged Dictionary!

¹⁸⁴ See footnote 1790 above regarding *umme*!

¹⁸⁵ The word “أَسْبَاطُ” in the Hebrew language is exactly like “tribes” = “قَبَائِلُ” in the Arabic language!

¹⁸⁶ See footnote 1750 above regarding *revealed*!

¹⁸⁷ The word “استسقى” = “طلب السقي أو الإسقاء” See الراغب! So “استسقى” on “استسقاء” meaning: (1) sought him what to drink (i.e. water); (2) sought him to avail what to drink (i.e. water); (3) however, in the case of Mosa (Moses) (*pbuob*), Allah's munificence provided him with twelve different sources through the “stone” which he was commanded to just smite and thereof gushed water, in a controllable manner for each tribe!

¹⁸⁸ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for this word, *manna*

¹⁸⁹ See footnote 1791 above regarding *goodies*!

¹⁹⁰ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for “ظالم” = “فاعل الظلم” = “injustice-doer” and “أظلم” = “wronger!”

¹⁹¹ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for this word, “bettattan!”

¹⁹² The word “سُجَّدًا” is an adverbial construct, as if to say: “kowtowingly,” but there is no such word in English! So, I chose to say instead “in a kowtowing manner!”

¹⁹³ There is “خطئة” and “خطيئة” both are “inequities” committed intentionally and therefore are sins! So, “خطيئة” in “خطيئاتكم” is feminine and singular, and “خطئة” is masculine and singular!

¹⁹⁴ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for “ظالم” = “فاعل الظلم” = “injustice-doer” and “ظلم” = “wronged!”

¹⁹⁵ The word “رجز” has several meaning, successive: convulsive and perturbing torment! Also it includes Satan's whisper, sin, offense, and idol or worship of idols! See اللسان!

convulsive and perturbing torment) from the sky^w by what they^z were *yadh'lemoona* (were wronging they^z).

163. And let-ask them [you^s] a'n (regarding) the village^w which^u was^w a vicinage^{w196} (of) the sea, *edh* (when-/whence) they^z transgress (i.e. village's inhabitants) in the Sabbath, *edh ta'atee* (approach/come to) them their (big) fishes *shurra'an* (openly raising their heads above the water) day of their Sabbath; and day not sabbatize they^z not *ta'atee* them; like *tha'leka* (that-afar-it/that) [We] essay them by what they^z were *yafsoqoona*¹⁹⁷ (rebelling they^z vis-à-vis Allah's command).

164. And *edh* (when) said^w an Ummaton^w (community)^w of them: wherefore you^z exhort¹⁹⁸ a people Allah (is) *muhleko* (perishing) them or tormenting them, a severe torment; said they^z: apology to yourⁿ Lord, and *la'alla* (craving currently unavailable deed that, perhaps) they *yattaqoona* (they reverentially guard not to displease Allah).

165. Then *lamma* (when/whence) they^z forgot¹⁹⁹ (ceased paying attention to) what they^z (had been) reminded of it^x We delivered whom^r they^z forbid a'n (regarding) the ill and We took whom^r *dhalamo*²⁰⁰ (they^z wronged) by a torment arduous by what they^z were *yafsoqoona*²⁰¹ (rebelling they^z vis-à-vis Allah's command).

166. Then *lamma* (when/whence) they^z recalcitrated a'n (regarding) what they^z (had been) forbidden a'n (off) it^x We said for them: let-be you^z apes *kha'seyeena*²⁰² (cringers/they who caused self contemptibility and had been driven away with a spurn).

167. And *edh* (when/ since) *ta'aththana*²⁰³ (iteratively proclaimed) your^t Lord: that assuredly²⁰⁴ [He] missions²⁰⁵ on them to The *Qeyamete's*^w (Judgment's) Day^x whom^p [he] afflicts them, the ill torment; verily your^t Lord surely (is) swift (in) the punishment and verily He (is) surely *Ghafooron* (iterative Forgive), *Raheemon* (iterative mercy Giver).

168. And We *qatta'a* (iteratively cut) them in the Earth^w *umaman*^w (communities)^{w206}; of them the *ssa'leboona*

كَانُوا يَظْلُمُونَ ﴿١٦٣﴾

وَسَلَّطْنَاهُمْ عَلَى الْقَرْيَةِ الَّتِي كَانَتْ حَاضِرَةَ الْبَحْرِ إِذْ يَعْدُونَ فِي السَّبْتِ إِذْ تَأْتِيهِمْ حِيتَانُهُمْ يَوْمَ سَبْتِهِمْ شُرْعًا وَيَوْمَ لَا يَسْبِتُونَ لَا تَأْتِيهِمْ كَذَلِكَ نَبْلُوهُمْ

بِمَا كَانُوا يَفْسُقُونَ ﴿١٦٤﴾

وَإِذْ قَالَتْ أُمَّةٌ مِّنْهُمْ لِمَ تَعِظُونَ قَوْمًا اللَّهُ مُهْلِكُهُمْ أَوْ مُعَذِّبُهُمْ عَذَابًا شَدِيدًا قَالُوا مَعَذَرَةٌ إِلَىٰ رَبِّنَا وَلَعَلَّهُمْ يَتَّقُونَ ﴿١٦٥﴾

فَلَمَّا نَسُوا مَا ذُكِّرُوا بِهِ أَجْنَبْنَا آلَ الَّذِينَ يَنْهَوْنَ عَنِ السُّوءِ وَأَخَذْنَا الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا بِعَذَابٍ بَئِيسٍ بِمَا كَانُوا يَفْسُقُونَ ﴿١٦٦﴾

فَلَمَّا عَتَوْا عَنْ مَا نُهُوا عَنْهُ قُلْنَا لَهُمْ كُونُوا قِرَدَةً خَاسِئِينَ ﴿١٦٧﴾

وَإِذْ تَأَذَّنَ رَبُّكَ لَيَبْعَثَنَّ عَلَيْهِمْ إِلَىٰ يَوْمِ الْقِيَامَةِ مَن يَسُومُهُمْ سُوءَ الْعَذَابِ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ لَسَرِيعُ الْعِقَابِ وَإِنَّهُ لَغَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ ﴿١٦٨﴾

وَقَطَّعْنَاهُمْ فِي الْأَرْضِ أُمَمًا مِّنْهُمْ

¹⁹⁶ The Arabic word "حاضرة" translated as *vicinage*, i.e. "overlooking," but we hasten to point out that "حاضرة" means a great community or metropolis around water sources. And "village" per se in The Qur'an is metropolis, as so stated where applicable.

¹⁹⁷ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for *faseqoon* for an elaboration on this rather important word!

¹⁹⁸ The word "تعظون" rooted in "وعظ" = "exhorted" or "admonished," and "موعظة" could mean: exhortation or admonition!

¹⁹⁹ The word "نسي" has dual meanings: (1) "forgot" or (2) dismissed or dispelled, in the sense of cast off or ceased to pay attention to! The second meaning especially applies where Allah says: "We forgot you," (32:14), as Allah does not forget, but He chooses to cease paying attention to some thing! See *اللسان*!

²⁰⁰ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for "ظالم" = "فاعل الظلم" = "injustice-doer" and "ظلم" = "wronged!"

²⁰¹ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation regarding *faseqoon*!

²⁰² The word "*kha'seyeen*" = "خاسنين" is plural, masculine, subjective noun meaning: be you^f (of) those who caused self contemptibility and had been driven away with a spurn! There is no English equivalent for the word *kha'seyeen*!

²⁰³ The word "تأذن" = "أكثر الإعلام، قاله سيبويه" = "التأكييد" i.e. iteratively proclaimed. See *التاج*!

²⁰⁴ The "ال" in "البيعتن" is a juratory "ال القسم" amounting to = "التأكيد" i.e. affirmation, expressed hereby "assuredly"!

²⁰⁵ The word "بعث" in "البيعتن" carries several meanings, among them: sent, missioned, resurrected, awoken, and prompted!

²⁰⁶ That is separated or set apart as racially different group from other main population in any part of the globe!

(righteous-people) and of them lesser than *tha'leka* (that-afar-it/tha);²⁰⁷ and We essayed them by the *hasana'te*^w (meritorious-deeds)^w and the *sayye'aa'te* (demeritorious-deeds)^w *la'allā* (craving currently unavailable deed that/perhaps) they return.

169. Then succeeded from after them successors inherited they^z the book, they^z take transient^{x208} this the *adna* (baser/lower) and they^z say: *sayoughfaro* (affirmably to be forgiven) for us; and *en* (if) *ya'atee* (haps/comes to) them a transient^x its^x similar they^z take it^x; had not (been) taken on them *meethaqā*^x (ratified-covenant)^x (of) the book that not they^z say on Allah except the right; and they^z studied what (is) in it^x; and the Hereafter's^w home^w (is) *khayron* (choicer/superior/worthier) for whom^r *yattaqoona* (they reverentially guard against Allah's displeasure); do not you^z reason.

170. And who^r *youmasseko*²⁰⁹ (assiduously-hold) they^z by The Book^x and *aqamo*²¹⁰ (they^z stood/sustained the prescribed obligations of) the Prayer^w Verily We waste not the reformers' remuneration.

171. And *edh* (when) *nataqa*²¹¹ (uprooted and raised) We the mount^x above them, as if it^x (were) a canopy; and they^z presumed that it^x (is) a plunker by them; let-take you^z what We accorded you^z by a strength; and let-remember you^z what (is) in it^x; *la'allā* (craving currently unavailable deed that, perhaps) you^b *tattaqoona* (you^z reverentially guard not to displease Allah).

172. And *edh* (when/since) took your^r Lord from Adam's sons of their backs (loins) their progenies^w and [He] (called them to)²¹² attest/testify they^z on themselves:^w Am I not yourⁿ Lord; said they:^z *balā*²¹³ (certainly-not); we witness/attest that you^z say 'The *Qeyamatey's*^w (Judgment's) Day^x verily we were *a'n* (regarding) this, neglectors.

173. Or you^z say: verily only partnered (deities with

الصَّالِحُونَ وَمِنْهُمْ دُونَ ذَلِكَ
وَلَوْلَوْهُمْ بِالْحَسَنَاتِ وَالسَّيِّئَاتِ
لَعَلَّهِمْ يَرْجِعُونَ ﴿٦٩﴾

فَخَلَفَ مِنْ بَعْدِهِمْ خَلْفٌ وَرثُوا
الْكِتَابَ يَأْخُذُونَ عَرَضَ هَذَا
الْأَدْنَى وَيَقُولُونَ سَيُغْفَرُ لَنَا وَإِنْ
يَأْتِهِمْ عَرَضٌ مِثْلُهُ يَأْخُذُوهُ أَلَمْ
يُؤْخَذْ عَلَيْهِمْ مِيثَاقُ الْكِتَابِ أَنْ لَا
يَقُولُوا عَلَى اللَّهِ إِلَّا الْحَقَّ وَدَرَسُوا مَا
فِيهِ وَالْأَدَارَ الْأُخْرَى خَيْرٌ لِلَّذِينَ
يَتَّقُونَ أَفَلَا تَعْقِلُونَ ﴿٧٠﴾

وَالَّذِينَ يُمَسِّكُونَ بِالْكِتَابِ
وَأَقَامُوا الصَّلَاةَ إِنَّا لَا نَضِيعُ
أَجْرَ الصَّالِحِينَ ﴿٧١﴾

وَإِذْ تَتَقْنَا الْجَبَلَ فَوْقَهُمْ كَأَنَّهُ
ظِلَّةٌ وَظَنُّوا أَنَّهُ وَاقِعٌ بِهِمْ خُذُوا
مَا آتَيْنَاكُمْ بِقُوَّةٍ وَاذْكُرُوا مَا فِيهِ
لَعَلَّكُمْ تَتَّقُونَ ﴿٧٢﴾

وَإِذْ أَخَذَ رَبُّكَ مِنْ بَنِي آدَمَ مِنْ
ظُهُورِهِمْ ذُرِّيَّتَهُمْ وَأَشْهَدَهُمْ عَلَى
أَنْفُسِهِمْ أَلَسْتُ بِرَبِّكُمْ قَالُوا بَلَى
شَهِدْنَا أَنْ تَقُولُوا يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ
إِنَّا كُنَّا عَنْ هَذَا غَافِلِينَ ﴿٧٣﴾

أَوْ تَقُولُوا إِنَّمَا أَشْرَكَ آبَاؤُنَا مِنْ

²⁰⁷ Qur'an Commentators are unanimous in saying that the here "Of them the righteous," during Moses' time or those who followed Jesus or Mohammad, peace be upon the three, i.e. Moses, Jesus and Mohammad!

²⁰⁸ That is worldly allurements and commodities!

²⁰⁹ The word "يُمَسِّكُونَ" is "على وزن فَعَّلَ" so it denotes *assiduousness* of the action of *holding* in this case!

²¹⁰ The word "أَقَامُوا" in "أَقَامُوا" has several meanings, but relevant to the Prayer there are two distinct but supportive of each other! But first what is the meaning of: "أَقَامُوا" linguistically means:

"أقام، بمعنى أبقي أو استمر على دوام والدوام هو الحضور في زمان و مكان معين، معروف لدى الحاضر مسبقاً"

So, "أَقَامُوا" means they: (1) *sustained*, in the sense of *continuedness* and *keep up* of all the prescribed obligations, as in this *Ayah* (S2: 3). Also "أَقَامُوا" has another "*sharey'ab*" prescribed meaning of: (2) *called or upped to perform* the Prayer itself, as in the *Ayah*: "And when you^g were in them, then you^g upped for them (the second call for) the Prayer," (S4: 102)! Note: Prayer and how to be done was established and reveled by Allah! Hence people do not establish Prayer they only maintain and perform it!

²¹¹ The Arabic word "نَتَقْنَا" means: *uprooted and raised*.

²¹² The Arabic word "أَشْهَدَهُمْ" means *the called upon or asked (another) to bear-witness*.

²¹³ The word "*balā*" = "*indeed-not*" is absolutely not synonymous to "*yes*" = "*نعم*". In fact to say "*نعم*" for "*بلى*" = "*balā*" would give the exact opposite meaning! English does not have a single word for "*balā*" hence transliteration! See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for rather informative elaboration!

Allah) our fathers of before, and we were a progeny²¹⁴, of after them; do then You^s perish us by what did the falsifiers.

174. And like *tha'leka* (*that-afar-it/that*) [We] expound the *Aya'te^w* (messages^w) and *la'alla* (*craving currently unavailable deed that, perhaps*) they return.

175. And let-recite [you^s] on them *naba'a²¹⁵* (*piece-of-significant-and-availing-news*) whom^x We accorded him Our *Aya'te^w* (messages^w) then [he] sloughed off it^w; then followed him the Satan, so [he] [was] of the *ghaweena²¹⁶* (*strayers because of fallacious belief resulting in disappointment*).

176. And had We willed, surely (*We would have*) uplifted him by it^w; [and,] but he *akhlada²¹⁷* ([he] *clung/-immortalized*) to the Earth^w and *ettaba'a* ([he] *closely-followed*) his *hawa* (*tendentious liking*), so his parable^x/example^x (*is*) like the dog's parable^x/example^x *en* (*if*) [you^s] assault on it^x *yalbath²¹⁸* (*it^x pants drooping its tongue out*), and if [you^s] leave [it^x] *yalbath* [*it^x*]; *tha'leka* (*that-afar-it/that*) (*is*) the people's parable^x/example^x who^r they^z denied by Our *Aya'te^w* (messages/signs-/proofs); so let-narrate [you^s] the narratives, *la'alla* (*craving currently unavailable deed that, perhaps*) they rethink.

177. Fouled the people's parable^x/example^x who^r they^z denied by Our *Aya'te^w* (messages/signs-/proofs) and (to) themselves they^z were wronging.

178. Whomever Allah aright-guides, so he (*is*) the *muhtadey* (*he who found and accepted the aright-guidance*), and whom-ever [He] misleads then those, they (*are*) the losers.

179. And *laqad* (*verily, already and affirmatively*) We propagated for Hell^w many of the Jinn and the humankind; for them hearts not understand they^z by it^w and for them eyes not sight they^z by it^w and for them ears not hear they^z by it^w; those, (*are*) like the *an'aa'me²¹⁹* (*cattle/sheep/goats/camels*),^w rather they (*are*) *adhhallo²²⁰* (*harder/more: astray*); those, they (*are*) the *ghafeloon* (*neglectors/heedless*).

قَبْلُ وَكُنَّا ذُرِّيَّةً مِّنْ بَعْدِهِمْ

أَفْتَلِكُنَا بِمَا فَعَلَ الْمُتَيْطِلُونَ ﴿٧٤﴾

وَكَذَلِكَ نَفْصَلُ الْآيَاتِ وَلَعَلَّهُمْ

يَرْجِعُونَ ﴿٧٥﴾

وَأَتْلُ عَلَيْهِمْ نَبَأَ الَّذِي ءَاتَيْنَاهُ ءَايَاتِنَا

فَأَنفَسَخْ مِنْهَا فَاتَّبَعَهُ الشَّيْطَانُ

فَكَانَ مِنَ الْغَاوِينَ ﴿٧٦﴾

وَلَوْ شِئْنَا لَرَفَعْنَاهُ بِهَا وَلَكِنَّهُ

أَخْلَدَ إِلَى الْأَرْضِ وَاتَّبَعَ هَوَاهُ

فَمَثَلُهُ كَمَثَلِ الْكَلْبِ إِنْ تَحْمِلَ

عَلَيْهِ يَلْهَثْ أَوْ تَتْرَكْهُ يَلْهَثْ

ذَلِكَ مَثَلُ الْقَوْمِ الَّذِينَ كَذَبُوا

بِآيَاتِنَا ۖ فَاقْصُصِ الْقَصَصَ

لَعَلَّهُمْ يَتَفَكَّرُونَ ﴿٧٧﴾

سَاءَ مَثَلًا الْقَوْمُ الَّذِينَ كَذَبُوا بِآيَاتِنَا

وَأَنفُسُهُمْ كَانُوا بِظُلْمٍ ۖ ﴿٧٨﴾

مَنْ يَهْدِ اللَّهُ فَهُوَ الْمُهْتَدَىٰ وَمَنْ

يُضِلِلْ فَأُولَٰئِكَ هُمُ الْخَاسِرُونَ ﴿٧٩﴾

وَلَقَدْ ذَرَأْنَا لِجَهَنَّمَ كَثِيرًا مِّنَ الْجِنِّ

وَالْإِنسِ هُمْ قُلُوبٌ لَا يَفْقَهُونَ

بِهَا وَهُمْ أَعْيُنٌ لَا يُبْصِرُونَ بِهَا

وَهُمْ ءَاذَانٌ لَا يَسْمَعُونَ بِهَا ۖ

أُولَٰئِكَ كَالْأَنْعَامِ بَلْ هُمْ أَضَلُّ

أُولَٰئِكَ هُمُ الْغَافِلُونَ ﴿٨٠﴾

²¹⁴ The word “ذُرِّيَّةً” linguistically has double meaning: (1) *ancestry* or (2) *progeny*! See اللسان! Clearly in this context *progeny* is what applies! Also the word *progeny* is both *plural* and *singular* or *progenies*; clearly here it is the *descendents* which are in reference!

²¹⁵ For the Arabic word “*naba'a*”=“نَبَأٌ” there is no English equivalent! As it is (1) a *singular* noun; and (2) it means: “*significant-and-availing-news*,” not just any news! Its avail is *its useful knowledge*! And (3) to denote such a *singularity* as well as the *significance* and *avail*, and for *lack of a better word*, I chose to *transliterate* and explain by saying: “*piece-of-significant-and-availing-news*,” as the word “*news*” *per se* is a *plural* noun and is *very inadequate* to convey the نَبَأٌ! Clearly the word “*tiding*”=“خَبَرٌ” is *unfit*, as it *primarily* denotes simple “*information*,” and “نَبَأٌ” denotes and connotes *more momentous information*! See الراغب!

²¹⁶ The word “الغَاوِينَ” strayers because of fallacious belief resulting in disappointment for them! See اللسان والراغب!

²¹⁷ The word “أَخْلَدَ” = *immortalized* (*himself*), i.e. *clung* to some thing *permanently*!

²¹⁸ I could not find an English word for “لَهَاتُ الْكَلْبِ”=“dog's lobaath,” which includes *panting* and *drooping its tongue out*!

²¹⁹ The word “the *an'am*”=“الْأَنْعَامُ” or “*neam*”=“نَعَم” means those animals that have *cloven hoof* (*foot*) and an *udder*, such as the *camel*, the *cow*, the *sheep*, the *goat*, etc. In Arabic: “كُلُّ ذِي خَلْفٍ وَظَلْفٍ”= *cattle, sheep, goats, and camels*!

²²⁰ The word “أَضَلُّ”=“*adhall*” is a *superlative* adjective for “*strayer*” for which there is no English equivalent!

180. And for Allah (are) the names^x [the] *husna*^w (most all around beautiful)^w; so let-invoke Him you^z by it^w and let-forsake you^z whom^r they^z gainsay/deviate in His names^x; shall (be) requited they^z (for) what they^z were working.

وَلِلَّهِ الْأَسْمَاءُ الْحُسْنَىٰ فَادْعُوهُ بِهَا
وَذَرُوا الَّذِينَ يُلْحِدُونَ فِي
أَسْمَائِهِ سَيُجْزَوْنَ مَا كَانُوا
يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿١٨٠﴾

181. And of whom^p We created an *ummaton*^w (a community)^w they^z aright-guide by the right^x and by it^x *yaa'deloona* (they^x equalize/ render-justice).

وَمِمَّنْ خَلَقْنَا أُمَّةٌ يَهْتَدُونَ بِالْحَقِّ
وَبِهِ يَعْدِلُونَ ﴿١٨١﴾

182. And who^r they^z denied by Our *Aya'te*^w (messages/ signs/proofs) [We] shall allure²²¹ them from whence not know they^z.

وَالَّذِينَ كَذَّبُوا بِآيَاتِنَا سَنَسْتَدْرِجُهُمْ
مِّنْ حَيْثُ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿١٨٢﴾

183. And [I] protract for them, verily My scheme (is) *ma'teenon*²²² (enormously strong and indefatigable).

وَأُمْلِي لَهُمْ إِنَّ كَيْدِي مَتِينٌ ﴿١٨٣﴾

184. Have [and] not²²³ they^z rethought, not by their companion of *jennaten* (insanity/ stroke of Jinn); en (not) he (is) except *natheeron* (iterative warner) manifest.

أَوَلَمْ يَتَفَكَّرُوا مَا بِصَاحِبِهِمْ مِّنْ
جِنَّةٍ إِنْ هُوَ إِلَّا نَذِيرٌ مُّبِينٌ ﴿١٨٤﴾

185. Have [and] not²²⁴ they^z looked in the Heavens'^w and the Earth's^w *malakoo'te*²²⁵ (enormous-permanent-ownership) and what created Allah of a thing; and that *asa* (craving a deed beyond one's means that, may) that be *qad* (already and affirmatively) *eqtaraba*²²⁶ (festinately-approached) their *ajalo*²²⁷ (term-limit); so by what discourse^x after it^x they^z believe.

أَوَلَمْ يَنْظُرُوا فِي مَلَكُوتِ
السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ وَمَا خَلَقَ اللَّهُ
مِنْ شَيْءٍ وَأَنْ عَسَىٰ أَنْ يَكُونَ قَدِ
اقْتَرَبَ أَجَلُهُمْ فَبِأَيِّ حَدِيثٍ
يَعْدَهُ يُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿١٨٥﴾

186. And whomever Allah misleads, so no an aright-guider for him; and [He] leaves them in their excessiveness addling they^z.

مَنْ يُضِلِلِ اللَّهُ فَلَا هَادِيَ لَهُ
وَيَذَرُهُمْ فِي طُغْيَانِهِمْ يَعْمَهُونَ ﴿١٨٦﴾

187. And they^z ask you^g a'n (regarding) The Hour^w *ayyana*²²⁸ (which momentous period/ when) (is) its^w anchorage^w; let-say [you^s]: verily only its^w knowledge (is) *enda* (springing from-/ by Rule of) my Lord; not manifest it^w [He], for²²⁹ its^w time, except Him; [it^w] weighted-she^y in the Heavens^w and the Earth^w; *notta'ateekom*^w ([it^w] haps^w / comes^w to you^b) except surprisingly^w; they^z ask you^g as that you^g (are) *bafey-yon*²³⁰ (profoundly familiar) a'n it^w;

يَسْأَلُونَكَ عَنِ السَّاعَةِ أَيَّانَ
مُرْسَاهَا قُلْ إِنَّمَا عِلْمُهَا عِنْدَ
رَبِّي لَا يُجَلِّيَا لَوْفَتَهَا إِلَّا هُوَ
ثَقُلَتْ فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ لَا
تَأْتِيكُمُ إِلَّا بَغْةٌ يَسْأَلُونَكَ كَأَنَّكَ
حَفِيٌّ عَنْهَا قُلْ إِنَّمَا عِلْمُهَا عِنْدَ

²²¹ The word “سنستدرجهم” is made up of four parts: (a) the letter “س” for “shall,” (b) double component word, the active subject pronoun, as represented by the “ن” and the present participle verb “ستدرج” meaning: allure some one to some thing almost always not favorable to him, (c) the pronoun “هم,” for them.

²²² The word “متين” means enormously strong and indefatigable!

²²³ See footnote 1739 above regarding “إولم”

²²⁴ Ibid!

²²⁵ The word “الملك مع العظمة والديمومة” = “ملكوت” i.e. the enormous and permanent ownership!

²²⁶ The word “اقتراب” is more particular than “قرب” as “اقتراب” = “المبالغة في القرب” i.e. indicative of a superlative of the approach! See التاج! So for such a superlative of the approach/ nighing! So, “festinately” is used to qualify the approach in order to intensify it!

²²⁷ The word “الأجل” means term-limit, see اللسان!

²²⁸ The word “ayyana” = “أيان” really is “أي أوان أو أي حين” but with reverence and magnanimity for whatever “أيان” was used for! See معجم النحو is which period, a specific and important (momentous) occurrence happen!

²²⁹ The letter “ل” in “لوقتها” means “for,” as the “ل” has twenty different meanings, see المعنى اللبيب!

²³⁰ The word “حفي” has at least three distinct meanings: (1) he who is very bounteous in hospitality towards another, (2) he who inquires deeply to be very profoundly familiar about some one, and (3) he who shows his great pleasure and approval towards some one. See اللسان!

let-say [*you*^s]: verily only its^w knowledge (*is*) *enda* (*springing from/by Rule of*) Allah, [and,] but most the mankind not know they^z.

اللَّهُ وَلَيَكُنْ أَكْثَرُ النَّاسِ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿٧٧﴾

188. Let-say [*you*^s]: neither [I] possess for myself^w a benefit and nor a harm, except whatever²³¹ Allah willed; and had I were [knowing] the invisible surely *istakthra* (*would have sought much*) I of the *khayre* (*betterment/-desirables/goodness*) and *en* (*not*) touched/-betided me the ill; not I save *natbeeron* (*iterative warner*) and a *basbeeron*²³² (*iterative teller of good tiding*) for a believing people.

قُلْ لَا أَمْلِكُ لِنَفْسِي نَفْعًا وَلَا ضَرًّا إِلَّا مَا شَاءَ اللَّهُ وَلَوْ كُنْتُ أَعْلَمُ الْغَيْبِ لَا سَتَكُنَّ مِنَ الْخَيْرِ وَمَا مَسَّنِيَ السُّوءُ إِنْ أَنَا إِلَّا نَذِيرٌ وَبَشِيرٌ لِّقَوْمٍ يُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿٧٨﴾

189. He Who created you^b of a single self^w and [He] made of it^w/her, its^w/her *zawja* (*spouse/wife/pair*) to quiet [be] to it^w/her; then *lamma* (*when/whence*) [he] overlaid²³³ her, bore-she^y a *hamlan* (*internal-burden*^x) light²³⁴; then *marrat*²³⁵ (*she^z went by and later had a grief/felt bitter*) by it^x; then when (*she-became*) weighted-she^y both invoked/prayed Allah, their Lord both: verily *en*(*if*) *aa'taytana* (*You^g accorded/gave us*) a righteous, surely assuredly²³⁶ [*we*] be of the thankers.

هُوَ الَّذِي خَلَقَكُمْ مِنْ نَفْسٍ وَاحِدَةٍ وَجَعَلَ مِنْهَا زَوْجَهَا لِيَسْكُنَ إِلَيْهَا فَلَمَّا تَغَشَّاهَا حَمَلَتْ حَمْلًا خَفِيفًا فَمَرَّتْ بِهِ فَلَمَّا أَثْقَلَتْ دَعَوَا اللَّهَ رَبَّهُمَا لَئِنْ آتَيْتَنَا صَاحِبًا لَنَكُونَنَّ مِنَ الشَّاكِرِينَ ﴿٧٩﴾

190. Then *lamma* (*when/whence*) [He] accorded them both a righteous both made for Him partners in what [He] accorded them both; so *ta'aala* (*ever elevated* [He]) Allah *amma* (*regarding*) what they^z partner (*deities besides Him*).

فَلَمَّا آتَيْنَاهُمَا صَاحِبًا جَعَلَا لَهُ شُرَكَاءَ فِيمَا آتَيْنَاهُمَا فَتَعَالَى اللَّهُ عَمَّا يُشْرِكُونَ ﴿٨٠﴾

191. Do they^z partner (*deity besides Allah*) what [he] creates not a thing while they (*are being*) created.

أَيُشْرِكُونَ مَا لَا يَخْلُقُ شَيْئًا وَهُمْ يُخْلِقُونَ ﴿٨١﴾

192. And neither can they^z (*effect*) for them a succor and nor themselves they^z succor.

وَلَا يَسْتَطِيعُونَ لَهُمْ نَصْرًا وَلَا أَنْفُسُهُمْ يَنْصُرُونَ ﴿٨٢﴾

193. And *en*(*if*) invite them you^z to the aright-guidance not *yattabe'ao* (*they^z closely follow*) you^b; equal on you^b whether you^c invited them or you^f (*are*) *ssa'metoona* (*ones that are silent, while dutifully may not be correct for such silence*).

وَأَنْ تَدْعُوهُمْ إِلَى الْهُدَى لَا يَتَّبِعُوكُمْ سَوَاءٌ عَلَيْكُمْ أَدَعَوْتُمُوهُمْ أَمْ أَنْتُمْ صَامِتُونَ ﴿٨٣﴾

194. Verily whom^r you^z invoke of lesser than Allah (*are*) *eba'don* (*worshippers/ submitters/ slaves*) like you^b, so let-invoke you^z them, then let *yestajeebo*²³⁷ (*compliantly-answer*) they^z for you^b *en*(*if*) you^z were *ssadeqeena* (*always-truth-enforcers*).

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ تَدْعُونَ مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ عِبَادٌ أَمْثَالُكُمْ فَادْعُوهُمْ فَلْيَسْتَجِيبُوا لَكُمْ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صَادِقِينَ ﴿٨٤﴾

²³¹ The particle “ما” is “إسم أو أداة شرط” = conditional noun/particle; or “ما” = “إسم موصول” = connective noun meaning *that which*! See *إعراب القرآن، لمحمود صافي* and *لأحمد الحلب*!

²³² The word “*basbeer*” is masculine, singular, subjective noun, meaning *proclaimer of good tiding*, with no English equivalent!

²³³ The word “*تغشاهَا*” = “overlaid her,” or “came on top of her,” this is figuratively (*allegorically*) speaking for “coming unto her” meaning having had sexual intercourse with her.

²³⁴ She bore the “seed” of Adam in her womb, which is obviously at the beginning is rather *light*! Also the word “*حملاً*” not “*جملًا*” as is *internal-burden* (*as pregnancy*) whereas “*جملًا*” is *external burden on any part of the body*!

²³⁵ The word “*مر*” means: (1) passed by and (2) betided with grief (difficulty) or sadness! Thus, once again, there is no exact single English word to convey this double meaning word!

²³⁶ The “ل” in “*لَنَكُونَنَّ*” is a juratory “ل” = “القسم” amounting to = “التأكيد,” i.e. affirmation, expressed by “assuredly!”

²³⁷ The word “*يستجيب*” is rooted in “*استجاب*,” meaning: *favorably/ compliantly answered, not just answered*! See *الهادي*!

195. Are for them feet ^w they ^z walk by it ^w ; or for them hands ^w they ^z seize by it ^w ; or for them eyes ^w they ^z sight by it ^w ; or for them ears ^w they ^z hear by it ^w ; let-say [you ^s]: let-invoke you ^z your ⁿ partners (deities besides Allah), afterwards let-scheme you ^z [against me] then let-not you ^z reprieve [me] ²³⁸ .	أَلَمْ أَزْجُلْ يَمْشُونَ بِهَا أَمْ لَهُمْ أَيْدٍ يَبْطِشُونَ بِهَا أَمْ لَهُمْ أَعْيُنٌ يُبْصِرُونَ بِهَا أَمْ لَهُمْ آذَانٌ يَسْمَعُونَ بِهَا قُلْ أَدْعُوا شُرَكَاءَكُمْ ثُمَّ كِيدُوا فَلَا تُنْظَرُونَ ﴿١٩٥﴾
196. Verily my <i>Wa'leya</i> (Guardian/Ally), (is) Allah Who repeatedly descended The Book and He guards-/protects the <i>ssaleheena</i> (righteous-people).	إِنَّ وَلِيََّ اللَّهِ الَّذِي نَزَّلَ الْكِتَابَ وَهُوَ يَتَوَلَّى الصَّالِحِينَ ﴿١٩٦﴾
197. And whom ^r you ^z invoke of lesser than/without Him they ^z neither can (effect) your ⁿ succor and nor their selves ^w they ^z succor.	وَالَّذِينَ تَدْعُونَ مِنْ دُونِهِ لَا يَسْتَطِيعُونَ نَصْرَكُمْ وَلَا أَنْفُسَهُمْ يَنْصُرُونَ ﴿١٩٧﴾
198. And <i>en(if)</i> [you ^s] invite them to the aright-guidance not hear they ^z ; and [you ^s] see them looking to you ^g while they perceive not.	وَأَنْ تَدْعُوهُمْ إِلَى الْهُدَى لَا يَسْمَعُوا وَتَرَاهُمْ يَنْظُرُونَ إِلَيْكَ وَهُمْ لَا يُبْصِرُونَ ﴿١٩٨﴾
199. Let-take [you ^s] the surplus and let-command [you ^s] by the <i>urfey</i> (the norm and not disapproved by <i>Sharey'ah</i> maxims) and let-shun [you ^s] a'n (regarding) the <i>jahileena</i> ²³⁹ (they who act ignorantly or incorrectly).	خُذِ الْعَفْوَ وَأْمُرْ بِالْعُرْفِ وَأَعْرِضْ عَنِ الْجَاهِلِينَ ﴿١٩٩﴾
200. And if incites you ^g from the Satan an incitement, then <i>ista'edh</i> (let-affirmably refuge) [you ^s] by Allah, verily He (is) <i>Sameeon</i> (Acute-Hearer, Enabler of others to hear, favorable Answerer to prayer), Omniscient.	وَأَمَّا يَنْزَغَنَّكَ مِنَ الشَّيْطَانِ نَزْغٌ فَاسْتَعِذْ بِاللَّهِ إِنَّهُ سَمِيعٌ عَلِيمٌ ﴿٢٠٠﴾
201. Verily who ^t <i>ettaqaw</i> (they had reverentially guarded not to displease Allah) if <i>massa</i> (touched/ betided) them a spell of the Satan they ^z reminisced ^{x240} then <i>edha</i> (suddenly/- whereas) they (are) discerners ^x .	إِنَّ الَّذِينَ اتَّقَوْا إِذَا مَا سَهُمْ طَبِيعٌ مِنَ الشَّيْطَانِ تَذَكَّرُوا فَإِذَا هُمْ مُبْصِرُونَ ﴿٢٠١﴾
202. And their brothers supply/ preen them in the <i>ghayye</i> ²⁴¹ (misguidance/ straying because of fallacious belief resulting in disappointment), afterwards not shorten they ^z .	وَإِخْوَانُهُمْ يَمُدُّوهُمْ فِي الْغَى ثُمَّ لَا يَقْصِرُونَ ﴿٢٠٢﴾
203. And if not <i>ta'atee</i> ([you ^s] produce/ came to) them by an <i>Aya'ten</i> , ^w (miracle/ signs.proofs) said they ^z : had not <i>ejtabyta</i> (contrived/ concocted) it ^w you ^g ; let-say [you ^s]: verily only ([I] closely-follow) what (is being) revealed to me <i>attabe'o</i> ([I] closely-follow) from my Lord. [This], (are) persuaders-evidences ^w from your ⁿ Lord and an aright-guidance ^x and a mercy ^w for a people (who) they ^z believe.	وَإِذَا لَمْ تَأْتِهِمْ بِآيَةٍ قَالُوا لَوْلَا أَجْتَبَيْتَهَا قُلْ إِنَّمَا أَتَّبِعُ مَا يُوحَىٰ إِلَيَّ مِنْ رَبِّي هَذَا بَصَائِرُ مِنْ رَبِّكُمْ وَهُدًى وَرَحْمَةً لِّقَوْمٍ يُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿٢٠٣﴾
204. And if (had been) read The Qur'an ^x then <i>ista'me'a</i> (let- seek listening) you ^z for it ^x and let hearken you ^z <i>la'alla</i>	وَإِذَا قُرِئَ الْقُرْآنُ فَاسْتَمِعُوا لَهُ

²³⁸ The letter “ن” in “تَنْظُرُونَ” by Arabic (linguistic) Rule, is called “نون الوقاية او العماد، حيث لا يُستغنى عنها” which precedes the speaker's pronoun “ي” The speaker's pronoun “ي” in “تَنْظُرُونَ” is omitted, for “التخفيف” = “alleviation, lightening!” See إعراب القرآن، لمحمود صافي

²³⁹ The word “جاهلين” = “jabeleena” is rooted in “جهل” meaning: (1) was ignorant of, (2) believed in some thing contrary to reality, (3) did some thing not correct! So the “jahiloona” are they who act ignorantly or incorrectly!

²⁴⁰ The word “تَذَكَّرُوا” = they^z supplicated Allah or they^z reminisced regarding Allah or recalled what Allah allows and disallows.

²⁴¹ The word “الغى” = “الضلال المبني على اعتقاد فاسد نتج عنه خيبة” that is the misguidance/straying because of a fallacious belief resulting in a disappointment! See اللسان والراغب That is they support/increase their straying!

(craving currently unavailable deed that, perhaps) you^b torah-moona (you[~] be mercy-given).

205. And let-remember [you^s] your^t Lord in your^t self^w supplicantly and *keheyfahtan*^{w242} (in circumstantial state-of-fear)^w and without/lesser than [the] loudness of the say, by the *ghodonwe* (before dawn-until-sunrise) and the *aasa'le* (late afternoon/ before sun set); and let-not be [you^s] of the neglectors.

206. Verily who^{t243} (are) enda (by Presence of) your^t Lord not *yestakeberoona*²⁴⁴ (they[~] affirm their prideful haughtiness) a'n (regarding) His *eba'da'te* (worship/servility) and *yousabbeho*²⁴⁵ (they[~] say: subhana Allah) (to) Him and for Him they^z kowtow.

وَأَنْصِتُوا لَعَلَّكُمْ تُرْحَمُونَ ﴿٢٠٥﴾

وَأَذْكُرْ رَبَّكَ فِي نَفْسِكَ تَضَرُّعًا
وَخِيفَةً وَدُونَ الْجَهْرِ مِنَ الْقَوْلِ
بِالْغَدُوِّ وَالْأَصَالِ وَلَا تَكُنْ مِنَ

الْغَافِلِينَ ﴿٢٠٦﴾

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ عِنْدَ رَبِّكَ لَا يَسْتَكْبِرُونَ
عَنْ عِبَادَتِهِ وَيُسَبِّحُونَهُ وَلَهُ
يَسْجُدُونَ ﴿٢٠٧﴾

²⁴² The word "*keheyfab*" = "خِيفَة" is a noun etymologically it is "خَوْفَة" as if it is a once! Hence, it is a circumstantial "state-of-fear" for a given situation! See *ناج العروس*. And (S20:67) provides strong support for "خِيفَة" as so stated, as the *Ayah* says: "So, [be] perceived in himself a *keheyfatan* (a circumstantial state-of-fear) *Mosa* (Moses)!" Moses' *keheyfatan* was during the initial stage of the show-down between Pharos magicians and Moses!

²⁴³ That is to say, the angels who are with your Lord seek no arrogance with respect to His worship and that they exalt Him and they prostrate to Him! So you, the human believers, follow their example and do like wise!

²⁴⁴ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for the effect of the letter *س* when added to a word!!

²⁴⁵ By saying "subhana Allah," that is saying: I single Allah as excelling in all good qualities, that He transcends above all shortcomings, and that He is unique all around!